



Session 2.3

Castle in the Sky: Creating and sharing new knowledge and supporting education on equitable access to ecosystem services

Chair: Wendy Chen



**World Forum on
Urban Forests**



2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

Washington DC, 2023

Accessible Urban Forestry Education

Introducing the FAO e-Learning 'Introduction to Urban and Peri- Urban Forestry'



Presented by
Lotte Dijkstra

Newcastle University | Studio PLACES

in collaboration with FAO | FAO eLearning Academy | SISEF | MD2 | EFI | EFUF





2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

Washington DC, 2023

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Background

The potential

- Healthy, inclusive and resilient cities**
- Planning, design and management for sustainable, resilient landscapes**

Background

The challenge

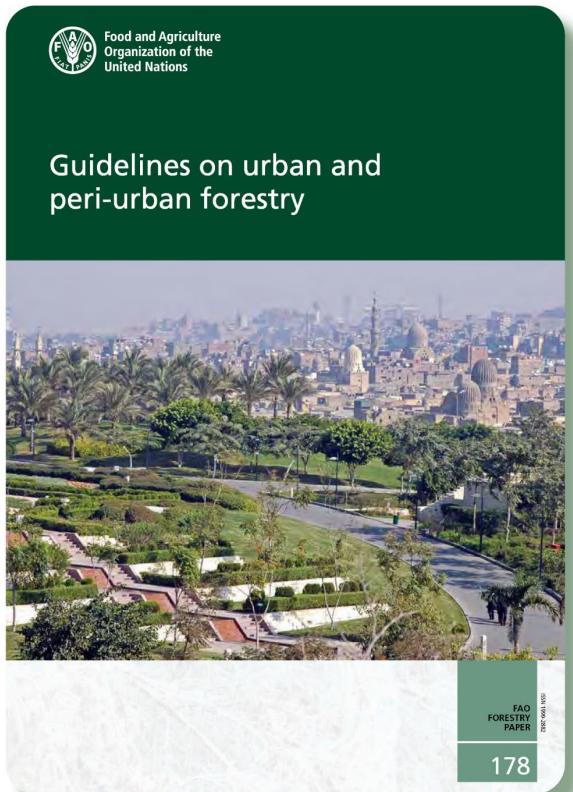
- Ensuring potentials are reached
- Embedding urban forest thinking
- Reaching new partners and stakeholders



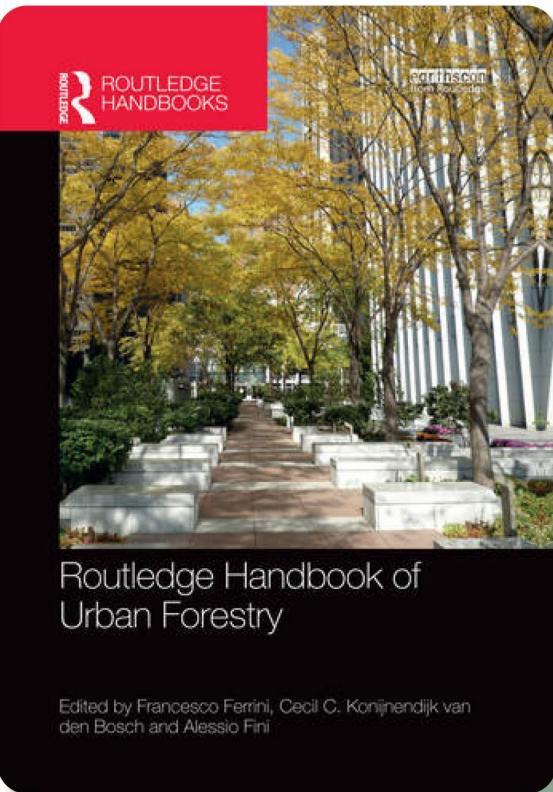
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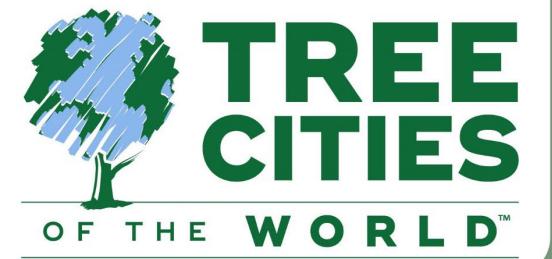
Body of knowledge



2016



2017



2018



Conversation starters

- **What are the challenges for urban forestry?**



Conversation starters

- **What are the challenges for urban forestry?**
- **Who should participate in the planning, design and management?**





Conversation starters

- **What are the challenges for urban forestry?**
- **Who should participate in the planning, design and management?**
- **What are the benefits?**





Conversation starters

- **What are the challenges for urban forestry?**
- **Who should participate in the planning, design and management?**
- **What are the benefits?**
- **What is urban forestry?**



Goals

Global, inclusive and accessible

- Level playing field
- Skills-based learning
- Accessible material





Level playing field

- **Vast array of disciplines and professional backgrounds**
- **Personal background**
- **Global context**
- **Local reality**





Introduction to Urban and Peri-Urban Forestry

Who should take this course?

This course is primarily intended for **individuals responsible for planning, designing, or managing urban forests**, including those working in **public or private organizations** and those in the **voluntary sector**. This may include:

*Click on each person to learn
about their interest in this course*



Policymakers



Development
organizations and
voluntary sector



Planners, researchers
and practitioners



Landowners and trusts

I work for a trust, which manages areas of urban land which include many trees. I would like to better understand how our work can contribute to a coherent urban forest strategy in our city, and that we can play a role as stakeholders in the process.



Skills-based learning

- **Introduction to urban forestry**
- **Directly applicable and practical skills**
- **Focus on what, how, why**
- **Invitation for further exploration**





Accessible material

Content:

- **Learner backgrounds**
- **Learning styles**
- **Global representation**





Accessible material

Content:

- Learner backgrounds
- Learning styles
- Global representation

Infrastructure:

- Free of charge
- Sensitive to available time
- Access to internet
- Open access resources



Approach

FAO eLearning Academy



- Targeted, learner-centred design
- Interdisciplinary team
- Peer review
- Assessment and certification



Creators



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Cristina Petracchi
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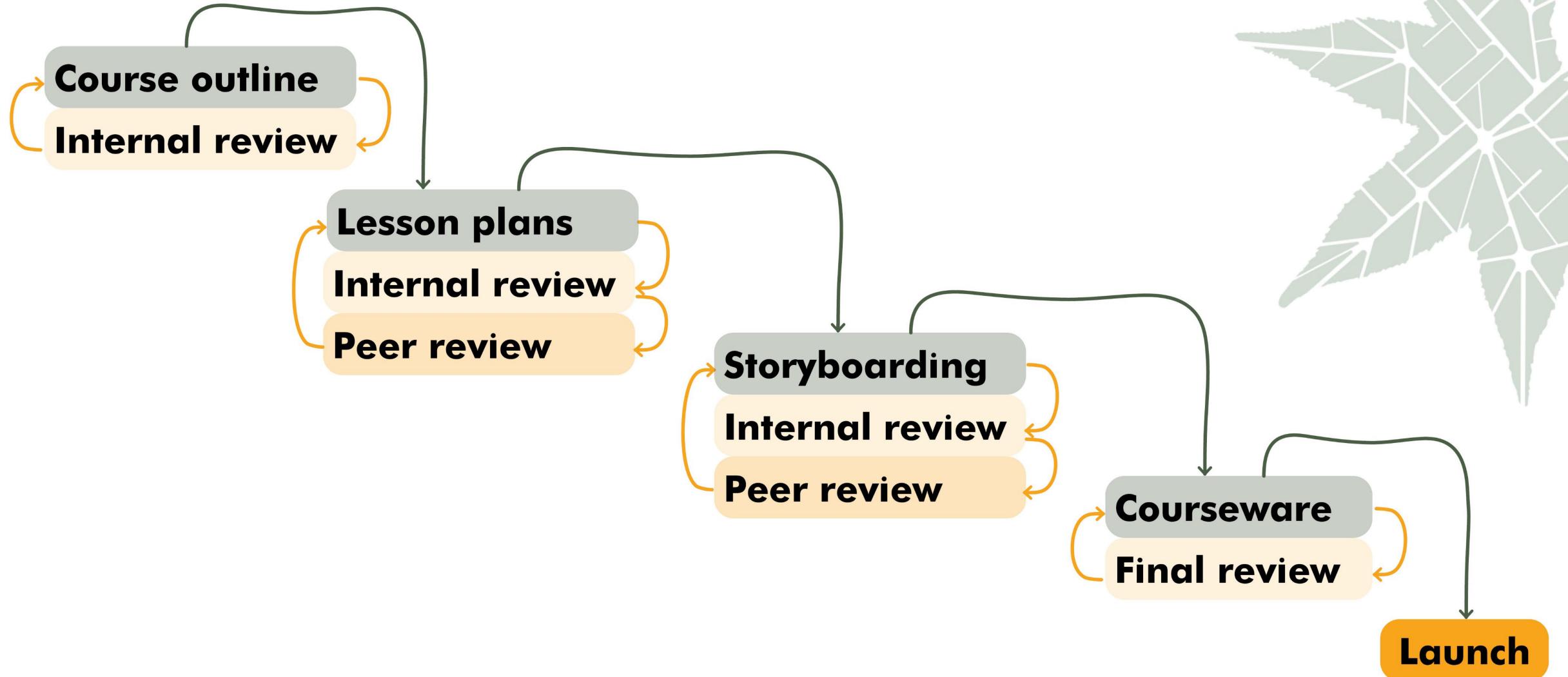
C.Y. Jim
Education University of
Hong Kong [EdUHK]



Thomas B. Randrup
Swedish University of
Agricultural Sciences



Process



Self-paced elearning course

Introduction to urban and peri-urban forestry

- 1. Introduction and basic concepts**
- 2. Why urban forests are important**
- 3. Who is involved in the planning, design and management of urban forests**
- 4. Urban forestry challenges in a changing world**



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Washington DC, 2023



About this course

Welcome to this course on Urban Forestry

This e-learning course aims to provide an **introductory** and **elementary understanding** of **urban** and **peri-urban forestry** concepts. It focuses on issues around definitions and introduces ideas around the planning, design and management of urban and peri-urban forests.



MENU GLOSSARY RESOURCES



Introduction to Urban and Peri-Urban Forestry

EXIT

1. Learning objectives
2. Introduction
3. What is urban forestry?
4. Benefits of urban forests
5. Five types of urban forest
6. Test your knowledge
10. Planning, design and management of urban forests
7. The relationship between urban and peri-urban forests
9. Are inner forests recognizably forested areas?
10. Differences between urban and faraway forests
11. Test your knowledge



An introduction to Urban and Peri-Urban Forestry

Introduction and basic concepts

1

Welcome to Lesson 1.

This lesson provides an overview of urban forestry and the importance of urban forests for sustainability.

It provides a foundation, with key urban forestry concepts, and describes the relationship between urban forests and peri-urban forests adjacent to the city.

30 minutes

< Prev Next >



1

Introduction and basic concepts

Learning objectives

At the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

- define urban forestry;
- explain **key terms** and **concepts** associated with urban forestry;
- describe the **process of planning, designing and managing** urban forests;
- explain the **relationship** between **urban forests** and **forests outside of urban contexts**; and
- describe the contribution of urban forests to the **UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)**.





1

Introduction and basic concepts Introduction

Welcome! My name is Geetha. I work as an urban forestry consultant.

I will be guiding you through this course material, and you will be joined by Iciar and Alex here.





3

The planning, design and management of urban forests **Community-led urban forestry**

If urban forests are imposed on communities, they are likely to lead to negative feelings. The appreciation of trees in and around urban areas is highly dependent upon their **acceptability to local communities**, and working with communities at all stages increases the likelihood of success.

Enabling individuals to develop a **sense of ownership** of local trees improves the chances of reaching tree maturity and engaging people in the trees' protection and day-to-day maintenance.



6/20

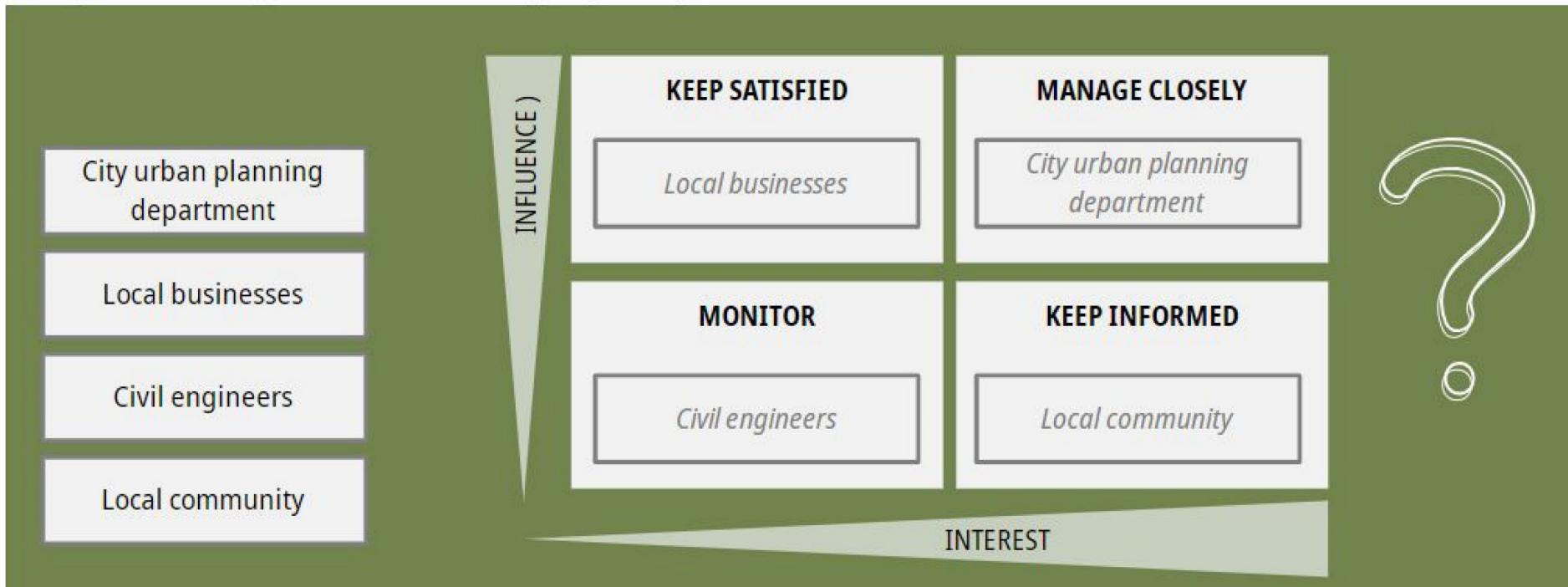
Click to learn more about Karura Community Forest in Nairobi, Kenya





2 The importance of urban forests Test your knowledge

Imagine you are working on redeveloping an existing community park.
Assign the following stakeholders to the appropriate quadrant:



Please select the answer(s) of your choice and click on *Check answer*

[Check answer](#)



4

Urban forestry challenges in a changing world Moving on

Well, Iciar and Alex, we are at the end of the course now, and I hope it has deepend your understanding of urban forestry

It certainly has, Geetha. I am particularly interested in the long term benefits of urban forestry, and I'm keen to discuss with my colleagues how we can ensure our urban forest management plans include long term plans and monitoring and evaluation throughout.



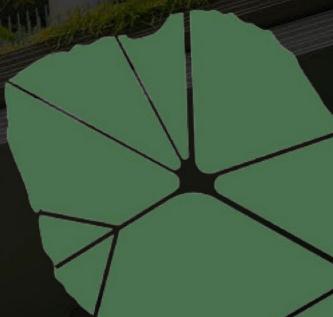
Yes, thank you Geetha! I now understand the importance of the community for a successful urban forest strategy, and the benefits of urban forests for the community. I will discuss this with the local communities I work with.

Launching soon!

Introduction to urban and peri-urban forestry



elearning.fao.org





elearning.fao.org



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of the United Nations**

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Submit **Reset**

| | | | |
|---|--|--|---|
|  NEW Minimum dietary diversity for women SEPTEMBER 2023 1 h 40 m |  NEW Planning seed and seedling supply for forest and landscape restoration SEPTEMBER 2023 2 h |  NEW Bivalve Mollusc Sanitation: Growing Area Monitoring SEPTEMBER 2023 2 h 30 m |  NEW Mitigating the impact of irrigation infrastructure on fish migration SEPTEMBER 2023 2 h 30 m |
|---|--|--|---|



Invite your local...

- **Policymakers**
- **Government officials**
- **Development organizations**
- **Volunteers**
- **Not-for-profit organizations**
- **Planners**
- **Researchers**
- **Practitioners**
- **Landowners**
- **Trusts**
-

Dissemination kit:

- **Invitation letter**
- **Abstract for each lesson**
- **Direct link to course**

Reach out to:

C.M.Dijkstra2@newcastle.ac.uk





Thank you

Lotte Dijkstra | Newcastle University | Studio PLACES



C.M.Dijkstra2@newcastle.ac.uk



@studio.places



@studio_places



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United Nations



d.

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ISA
International Society of Arboriculture



2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

2023



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Washington DC, 2023

Parallel Sessions - Anacostia D/E: Session 2.3:

Castle in the Sky: Creating and sharing new knowledge and supporting education on equitable access to ecosystem services. Chair: Wendy Chen

LOCAL GOVERNANCE MODELS ABOUT COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION IN BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA



Presented by

Dra. Ing. Elena B. Craig

Ing. Analia Scarsellata

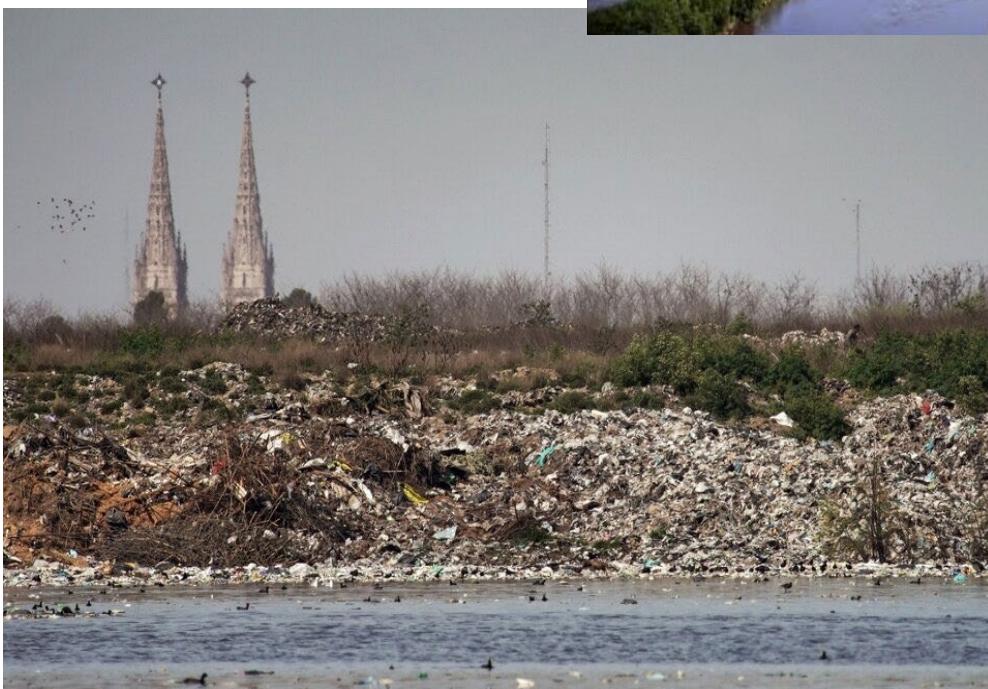
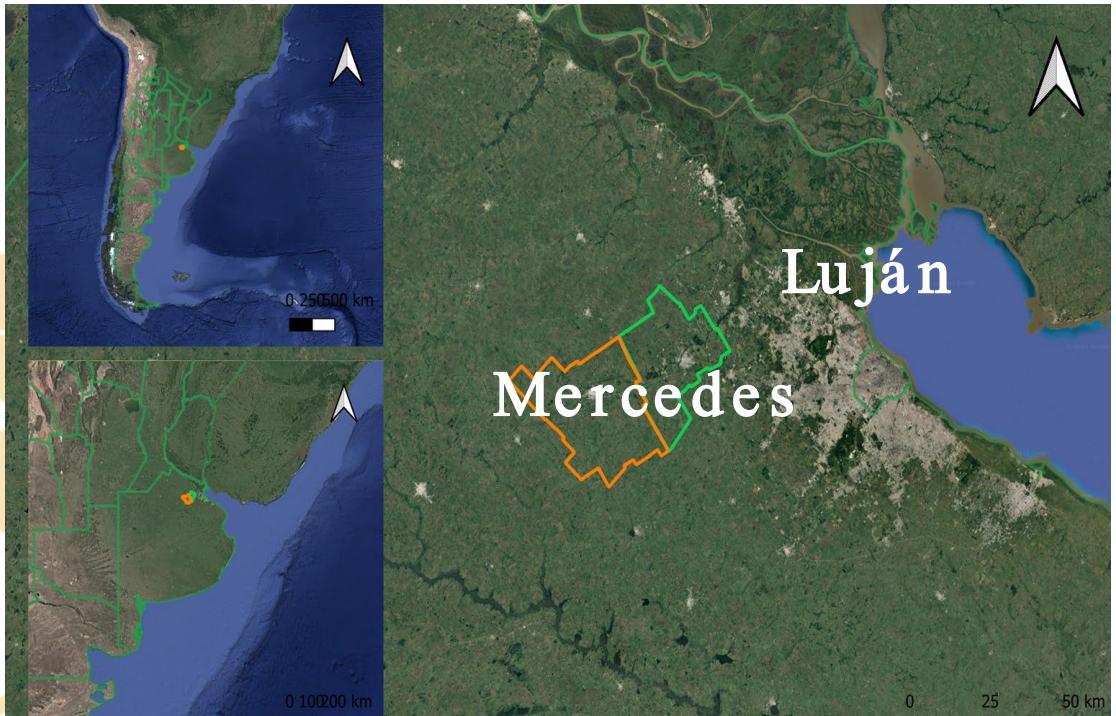
Dra. Clara Minaverry

Lic. Macarena Pocaretti





Understanding our workspaces



Environmental and Social Vulnerability

Our experience in urban forest





New Urban Developments: The Consequences of Neglecting Green Infrastructure Planning



Changes in
the land use



Why do we find this?

What's the role of local government?

What's the role of neighbors?



Regional Agreement on Access to Information, Public Participation and Justice in Environmental Matters in Latin America and the Caribbean



- To access to environmental information
- To participate about environmental decision
 - To access to environmental justice
 - To protect environmental defenders

Legally, local governments are responsible for developing and overseeing the urban forest plan. However, these regulations were enacted without taking in consideration the participation of the community.



| | Luján | | | Bahía Blanca | | | | | |
|----|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Ord. 176 | Ord. 5.997 | Ord. 4.294 | Ord. 14.577 | Ord. 14.966 | Ord. 15.523 | Ord. 16.190 | Ord. 18.371 | Ord. 19.318 |
| 1. | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 2. | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | X | | X | X | | | |
| 4. | | | | | X | | X | | |
| 5. | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | | X | | | X | | | X | |

| | Ituzaingó | | Mercedes | | | |
|----|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---|
| | Ord. 2.013 | Ord. 7.792 | Ord. 8.120 | Ord. 8.256 | Ord. 8.260 | |
| 1. | X | X | | X | X | X |
| 2. | | | | | | |
| 3. | X | X | X | x | | |
| 4. | X | | X | X | | |
| 5. | | | | | | |
| 6. | X | X | X | X | | |

- 1- PRESERVATION, CONSERVATION, RECOVERY AND IMPROVEMENT MECHANISMS
- 2- SOCIAL PARTICIPATION
- 3- BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION
- 4- ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION
- 5- FREE ACCESS TO INFORMATION
- 6- MINIMAL PLANE RISKS

de minimización de riesgos. Elaboración propia, 2020.

Environmental Protection mechanisms detected in Local Ordinances



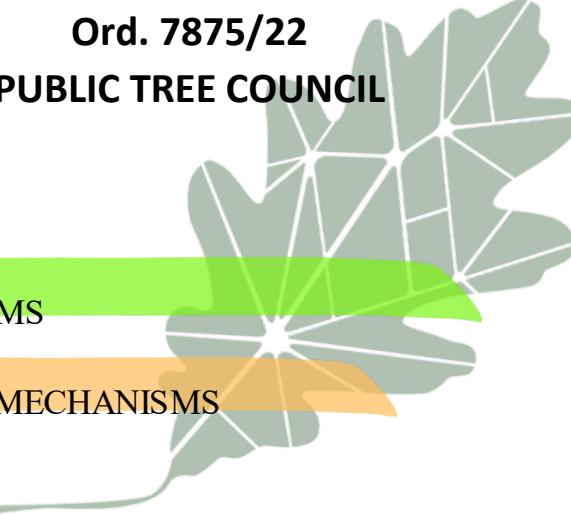
NOV. 2022- LUJÁN

a new municipal ordinance was enacted that considers an instance of social participation in decision-making

**Ord. 7875/22
PUBLIC TREE COUNCIL**

Scarselletta, A.; Minaverry, C.;
Pocaressi, M; López, M. y Cucciufó,
E. (2021) MECANISMOS LEGALES
PARA LA PROTECCIÓN
AMBIENTAL DE LOS BOSQUES
URBANOS EN CUATRO
MUNICIPIOS DE LA PROVINCIA DE
BUENOS AIRES, en Papeles del
Centro de Investigaciones, Facultad
de Ciencias Jurídicas y Sociales,
UNL, publicado en
número 22, Santa Fe, República
Argentina, pp. 10-25.

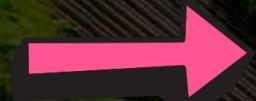
ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION MECHANISMS



Exploring the role of Local Communities in Urban Governance

METHODOLOGY

20 SPECIALIST
INTERVIEWS

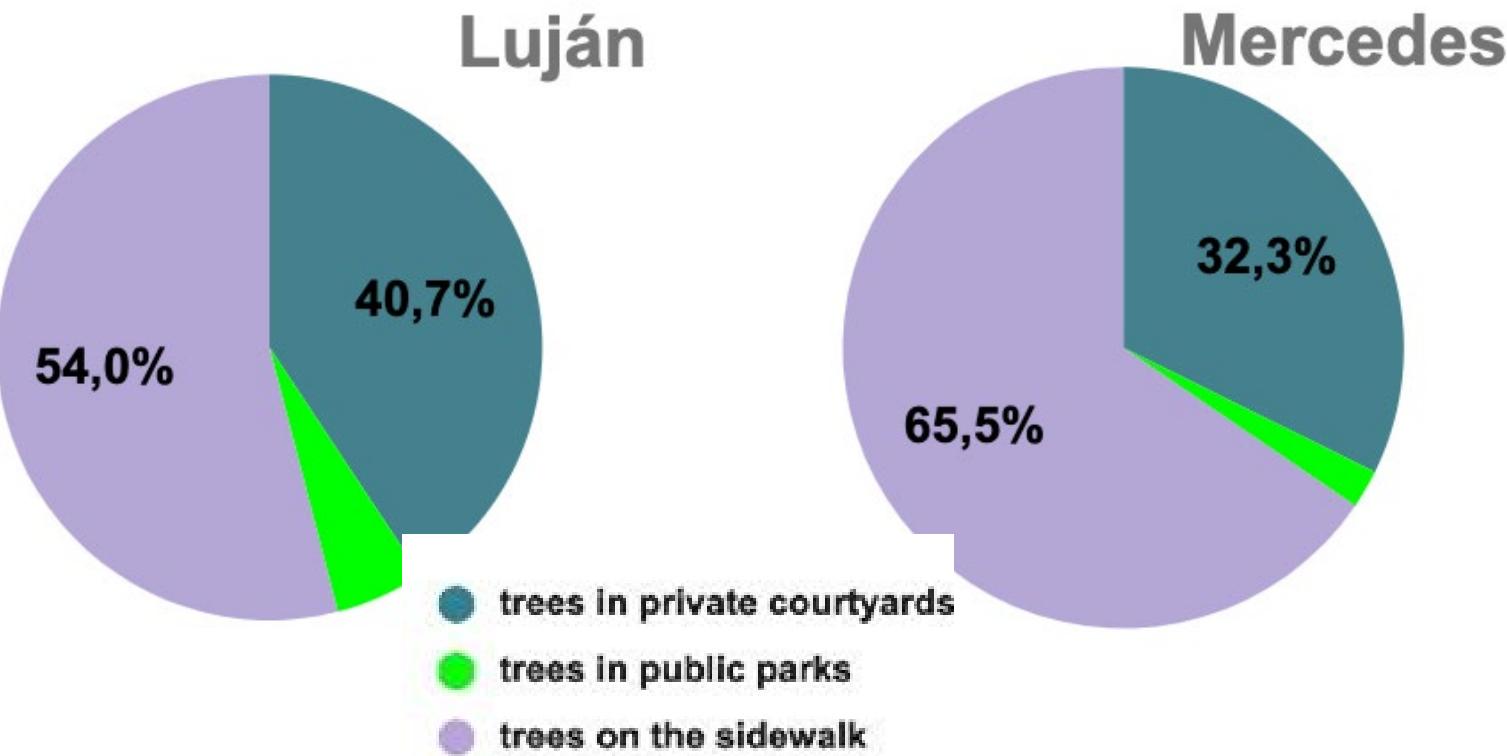


790 COMMUNITY
SURVEY



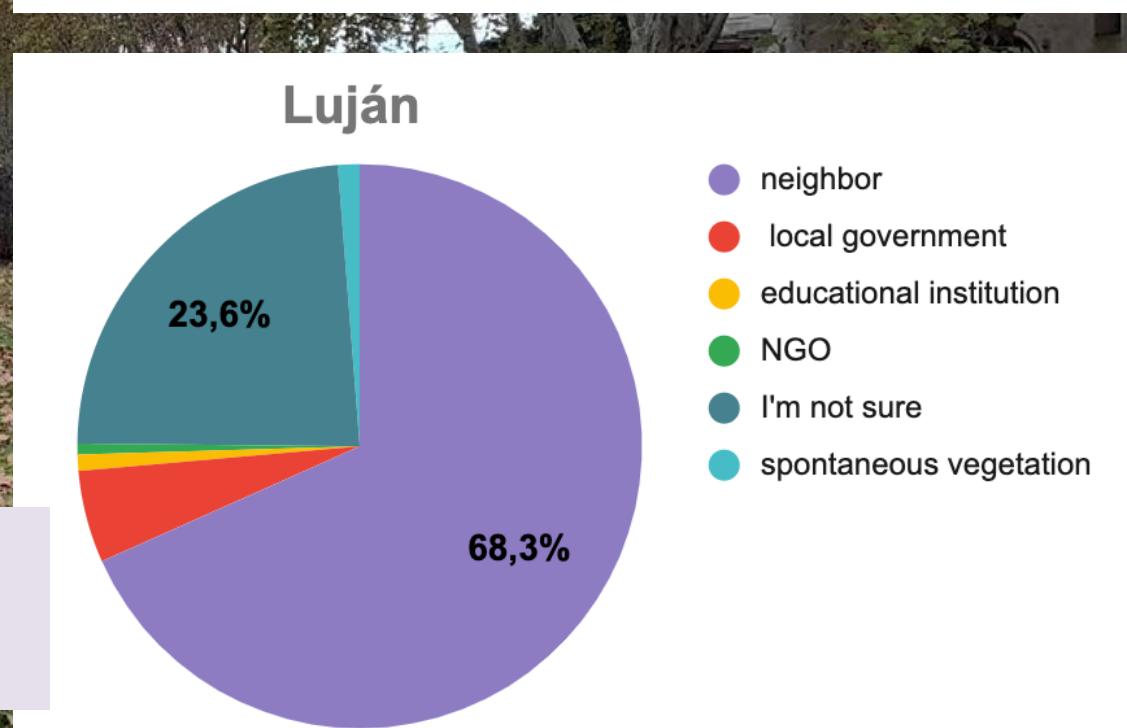
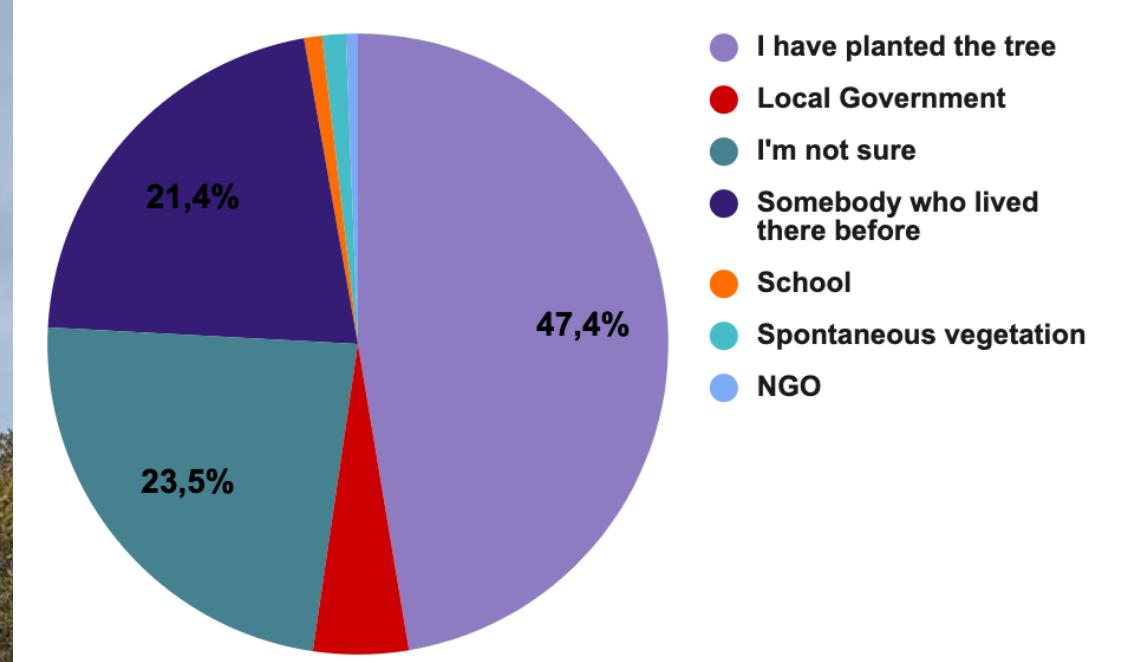


Identifying the Tree that holds the closest connection to you





Who has planted the trees in your sidewalk?



Neighbors perceptions about ecosystem services



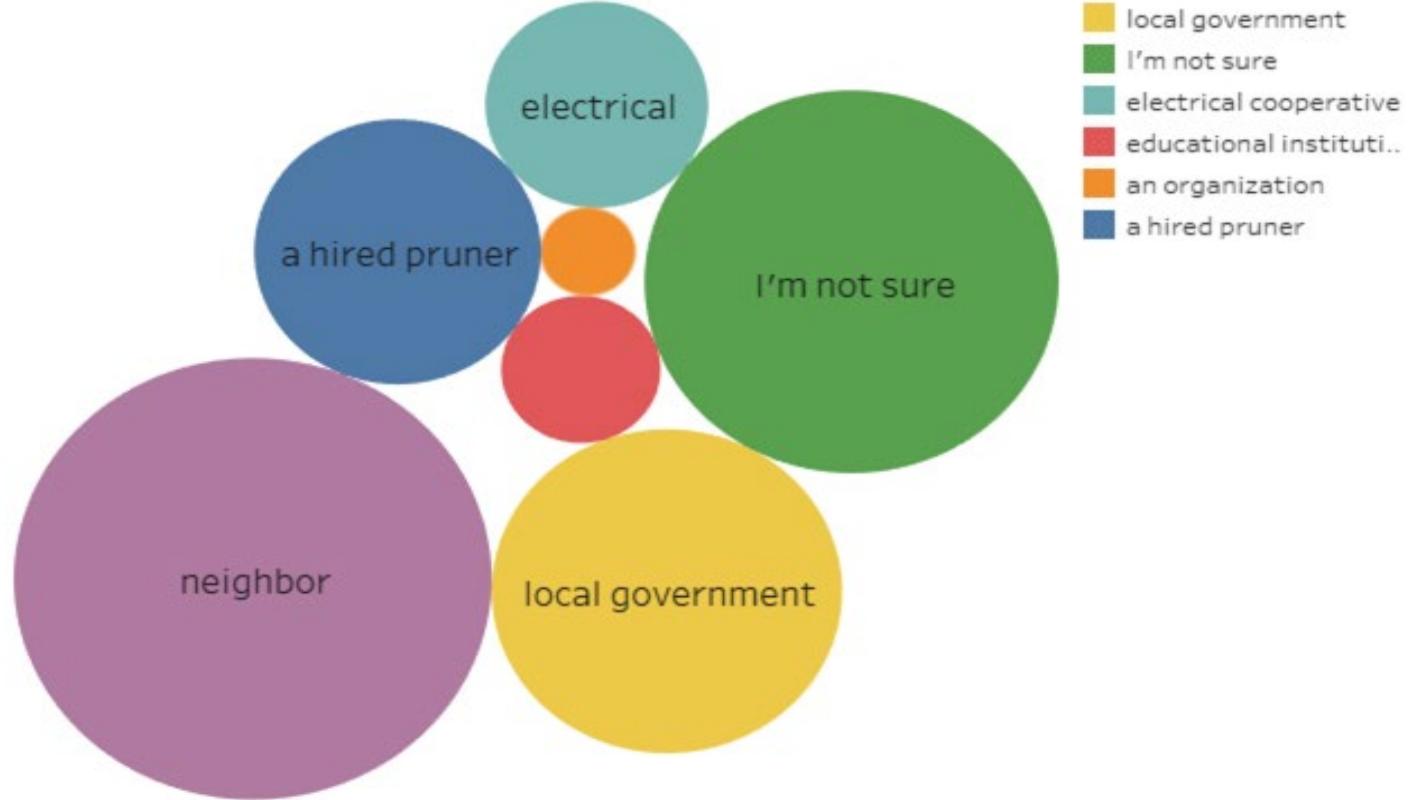
Of the bare forests
Juan Carlos Brambiya



Paint: White forest, black root

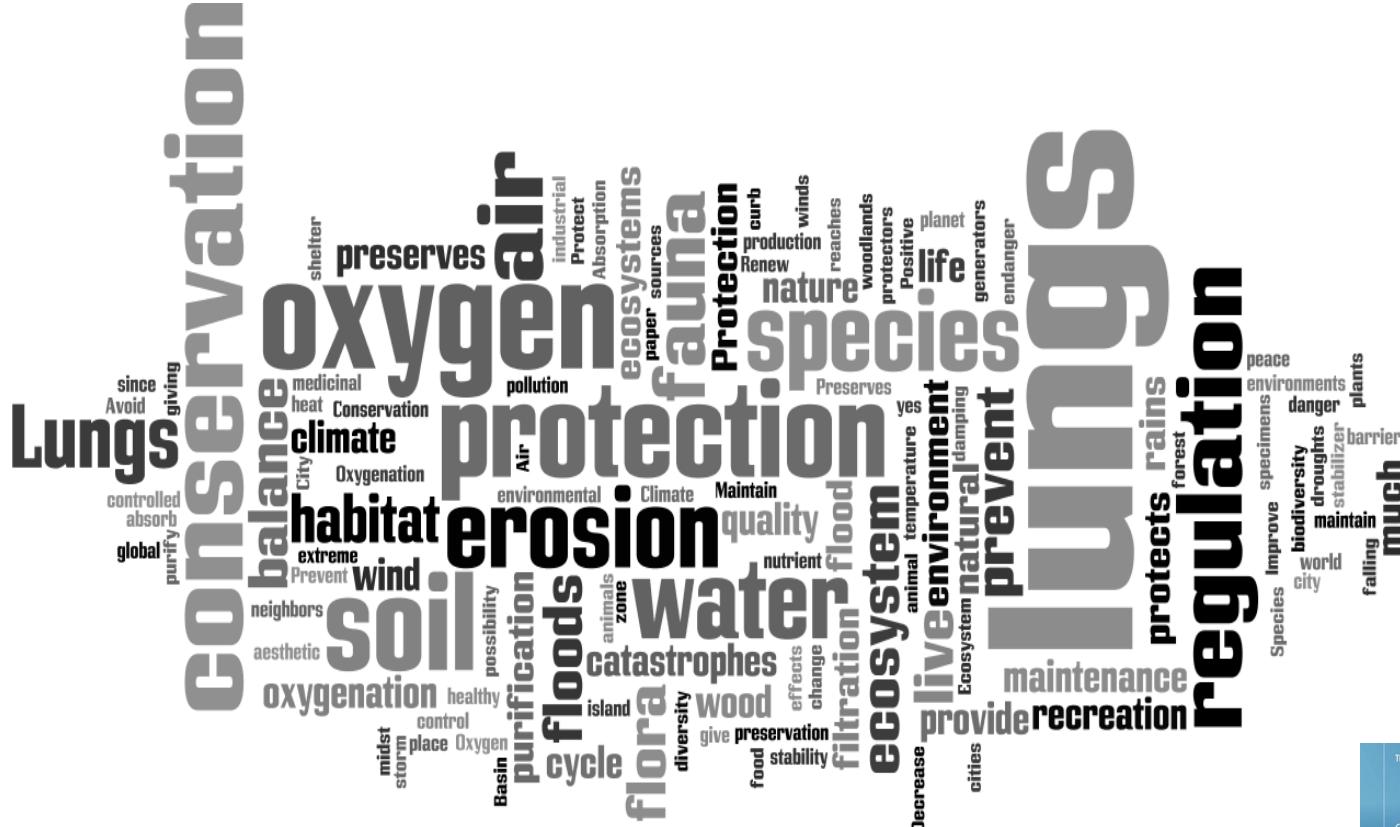


Who plays a role of taking care for trees, and what aspects do local community value about them?



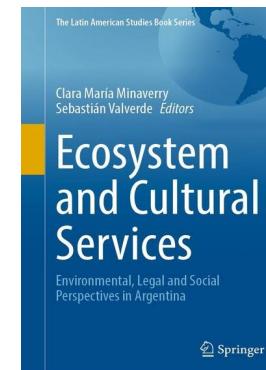
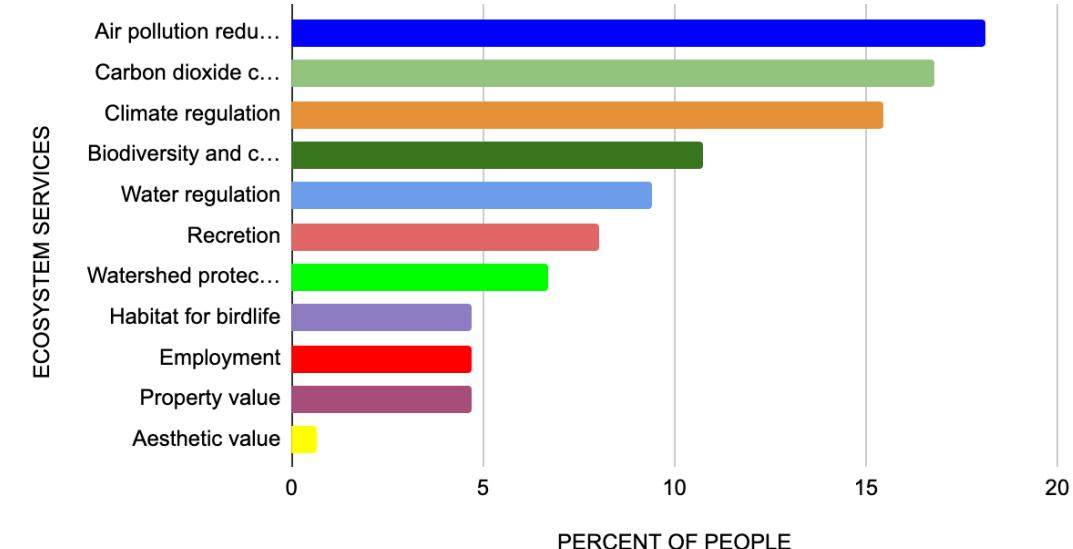


Approach about local perception of ecosystem



Scarselletta A.; Craig, E. REGULATORY ADVANCES AND SOCIAL PERCEPTION OF THE ECOSYSTEM SERVICES PROVIDED BY URBAN FORESTS IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF LUJAN, PROVINCE OF BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA.2021. Ecosystem and Cultural Services: Environmental, Legal and Social Perspectives in Argentina. Springer. Eds. Sebastián Valverde y Clara María Minaverry.

ECOSYSTEM SERVICES IN BOGOTA





Interviews with urban forest specialists

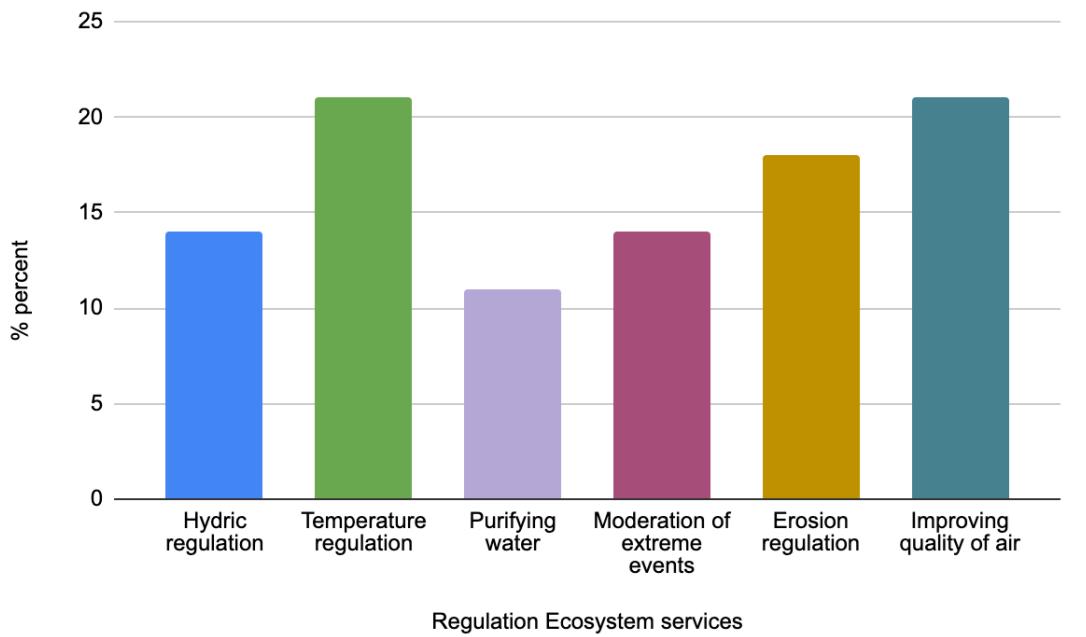


Fig. X.5: Average score for each of the regulation or sustainability services offered by urban forests. (1 means “It does not contribute to the service” and 5 means “It successfully contributes to the service”). Key informants’ responses; surveys conducted during 2019. Compiled by the authors

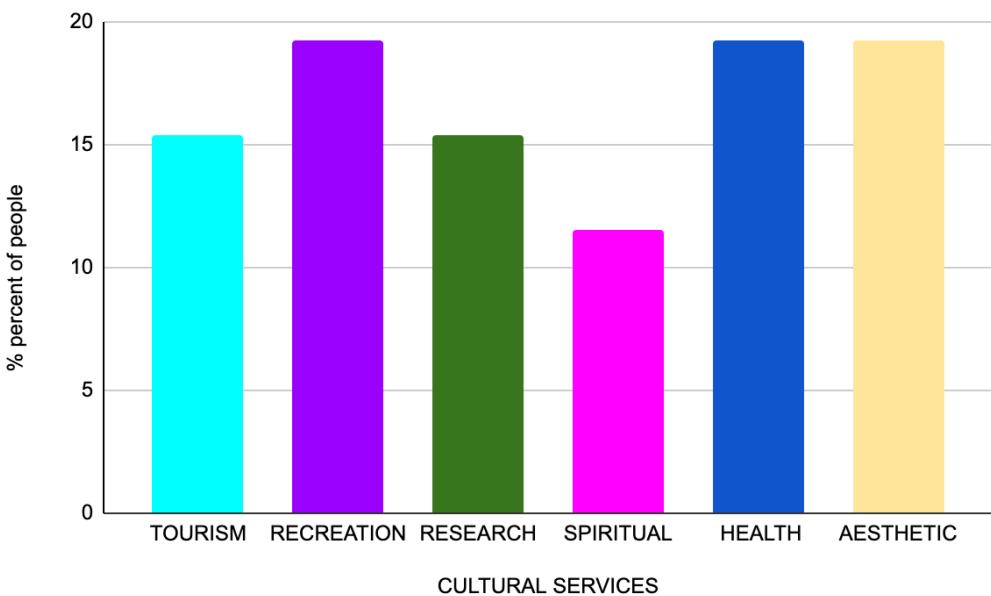
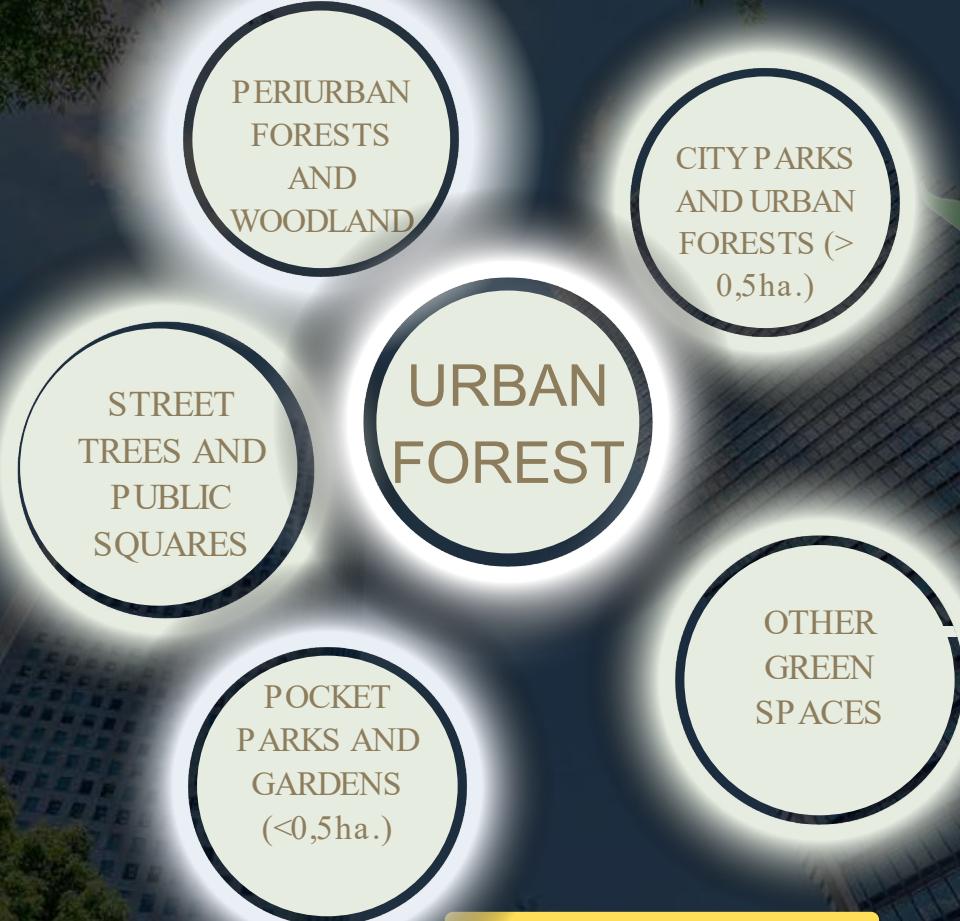


Fig. X.6: Average score for each of the cultural services offered by urban forests. (1 means “It does not contribute to the service” and 5 “It successfully contributes to the service”). Key informants’ responses; surveys conducted during 2019. Compiled by the author

The urban forest model at the outset of this project



REGIONAL GOVERNMENT

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

NEIGHBORS

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL DE LUJÁN

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

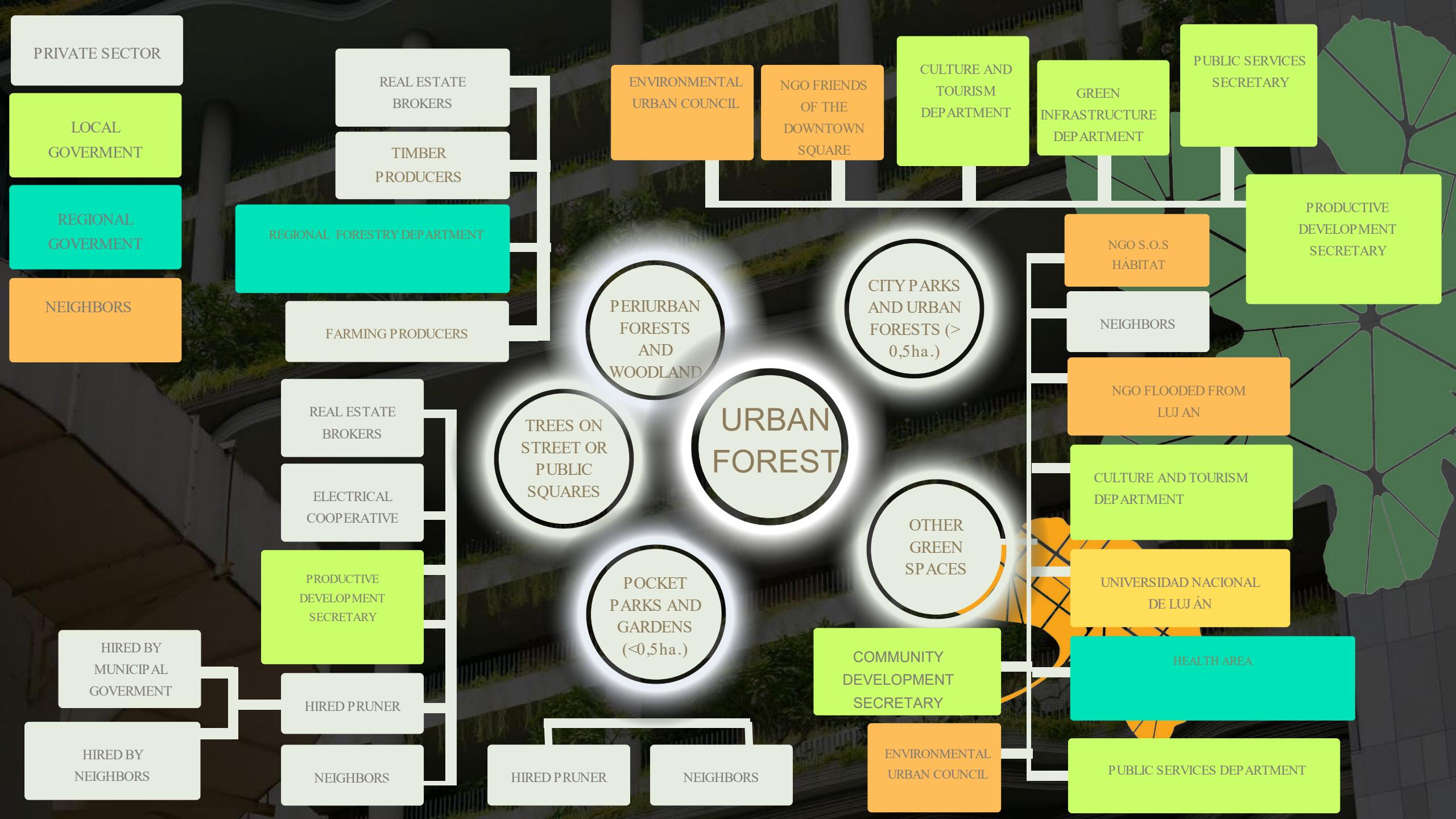
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SECRETARY

CULTURE AND TOURISM DEPARTMENT

GREEN SPACES DEPARTMENT

SECRETARY OF PUBLIC SERVICES

PRODUCTIVE DEVELOPMENT SECRETARY



CONCLUSION

Multi-criteria compensation mechanisms

Environmental education and professionalization of the sector

Improve the Mechanisms of participation and articulation between the actors involved

Greater local government involvement in Urban forest management with emphasis on sidewalk trees

Enhancing interdepartmental and intergovernmental communication

To examine the organizational charts of other government agencies



Ensure compliance with the law



Thank you

Dra . Elena B. Craig

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Paint: "From forest". Lujan painter: Juan Carlos Brambilla
<https://brambiya.mitiendanube.com/productos>



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Washington DC, 2023

i-Tree 2023

More science and easier to use

Presented by

Jason Henning PhD
The Davey Institute



i-Tree 2023

www.itreetools.org

- Advancing and sharing the science of tree benefits since 2006
- A collection of free tools for estimating the benefits of trees
- Science based and continually updated
- Dedicated outreach and free technical support



Core individual tree tools



Core canopy tools



“Putting US Forest Service urban forest science into the hands of users”



Ways to use i-Tree

Education

- Connect students with trees
- Teach public about tree benefits
- Create engaged communities

Project Learning Tree

TEACHING WITH
i-Tree



Advocacy

- Show policy makers the benefits of trees
- Create policy focused on maximizing tree benefits
- Convince doubtful audiences

Strategic Management

- Decide where to plant trees
- Support care, maintenance, and protection of trees
- Monitor and optimize investments in trees

Oakville's

Urban Forest:

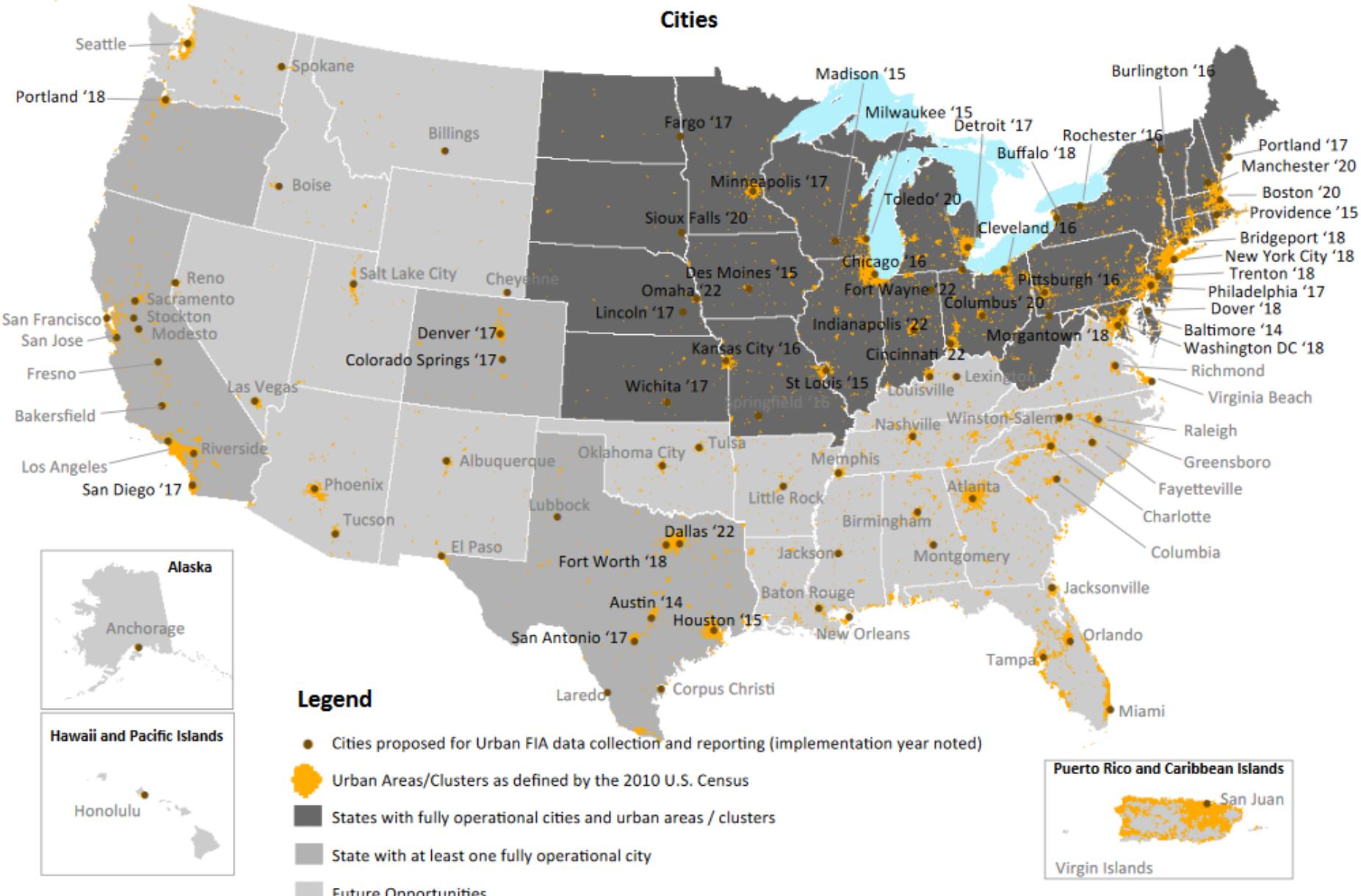
Our Solution to Our Pollution

Town of Oakville
Parks and Open Space Department, Forestry Section



Urban Forest Inventory & Analysis (FIA)

The Nation's Urban Forest Inventory





Key features of integration with FIA

- Use of i-Tree field methods and models
- High quality urban specific data to support new science
- Collaboration with FIA researchers
 - Urban Specific crown width equations
 - New biomass equations
 - Validation and testing



Urban Ecosystems (2020) 23:905–917
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11252-020-00988-2>



Crown width models for woody plant species growing in urban areas of the U.S.

James A. Westfall¹ · David J. Nowak² · Jason G. Henning³ · Tonya W. Lister¹ · Christopher B. Edgar⁴ · Mark A. Majewsky⁵ · Nancy F. Sonti⁶

Published online: 19 March 2020

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Abstract

Crown widths of woody plant species growing in urban areas are of considerable importance as an overall indicator of health and also serve as an important factor for assessing leaf area and associated ecosystem services, such as carbon sequestration, air pollution removal, air temperature cooling, and rainfall interception. Unfortunately, assessing crown widths in urban environments is often challenging and time consuming. To help reduce data collection costs and provide consistency over time, models to predict crown widths for urban-grown species were developed using data from 49 cities across the U.S. and Southern Canada. The effort consisted of fitting mixed models for 29 species groups that encompassed 964 species. Cities were considered a random effect and were statistically significant for 22 of the 29 groups. The need for urban-specific crown width models was demonstrated via examination of prediction biases found when applying crown width models based on forest grown trees, where under-prediction up to about 20% was found for the same species growing in urban areas. Application of the models was evaluated by using crown width predictions instead of observed values for calculations of crown leaf area. Mean percent differences in leaf area were about ±10% across most species groups. Further improvements to national-scale urban crown width models should be pursued as additional data become available via i-Tree, Urban FIA, and possibly other sources where data collection protocols are compatible.

Keywords Ecosystem services · Forest inventory · Mixed models · Leaf area · Spatial trend



The Research Suite i-Tree's science incubator

Actively in-development tools,
available for use

<https://www.itreetools.org/tools/research-suite>

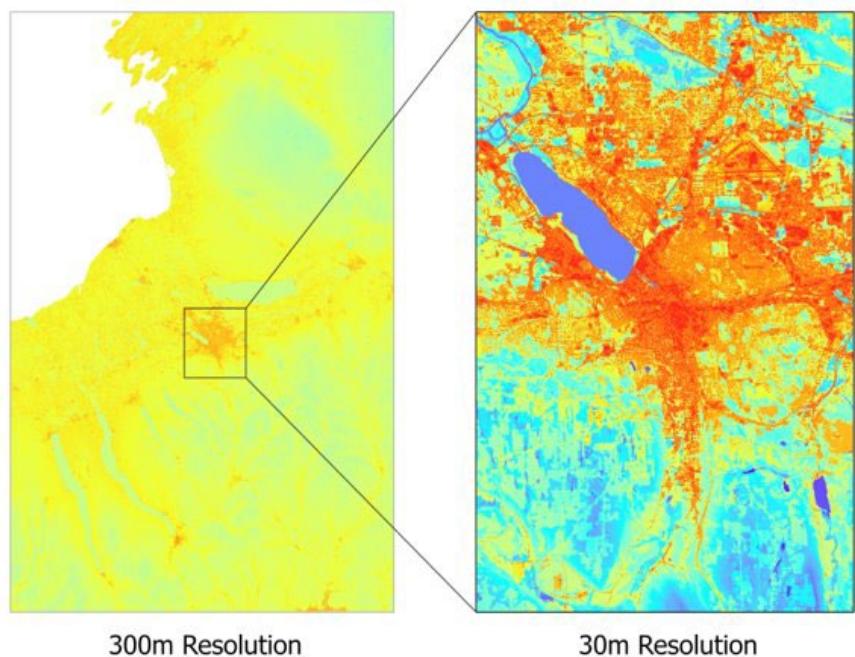
Calculation Parameters: Config.xml

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<TemperatureCalculationParams>
    <Flag_Adia
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i-Tree Cool Air

A spatial air temperature model incorporating the impacts of trees and impervious cover

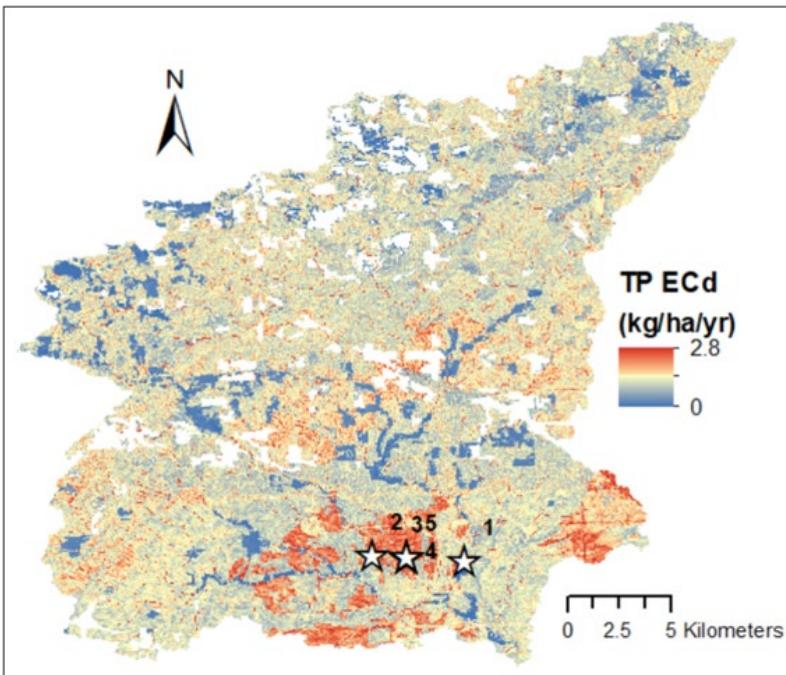


300m Resolution

30m Resolution

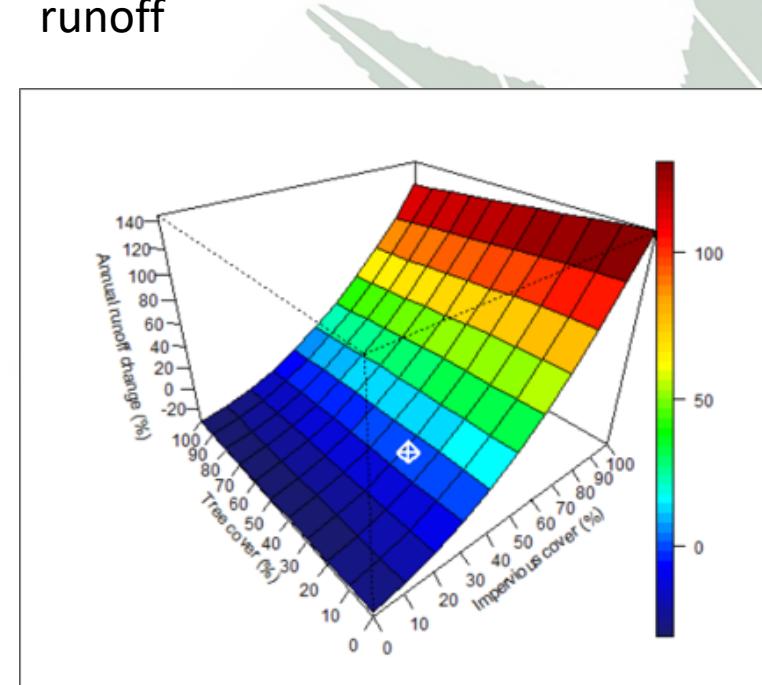
i-Tree Buffer

A spatially-distributed hydrological model that simulates effects of land use and topography to predict nutrient hot spots



i-Tree Hydro+

A hydrological model that simulates effects tree/impervious cover and green infrastructure on hourly runoff





i-Tree Cool Air: Example Project heat mitigation by tree cover in Naples, Italy

EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF REMOTE SENSING
<https://doi.org/10.1080/22797254.2022.2125833>



OPEN ACCESS



RESEARCH ARTICLE

Integrating Copernicus land cover data into the i-Tree Cool Air model to evaluate and map urban heat mitigation by tree cover

Rocco Pace ^{a,b}, Francesca Chiocchini ^a, Maurizio Sarti ^a, Theodore A. Endreny ^c, Carlo Calfapietra ^a and Marco Ciolfi ^a

^aResearch Institute on Terrestrial Ecosystems (IRET), National Research Council (CNR), Porano, Italy; ^bInstitute of Meteorology and Climate Research, Atmospheric Environmental Research (IMK-IFU), Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Germany;

^cDepartment of Environmental Resources Engineering, SUNY ESF, Syracuse, NY, USA

ABSTRACT

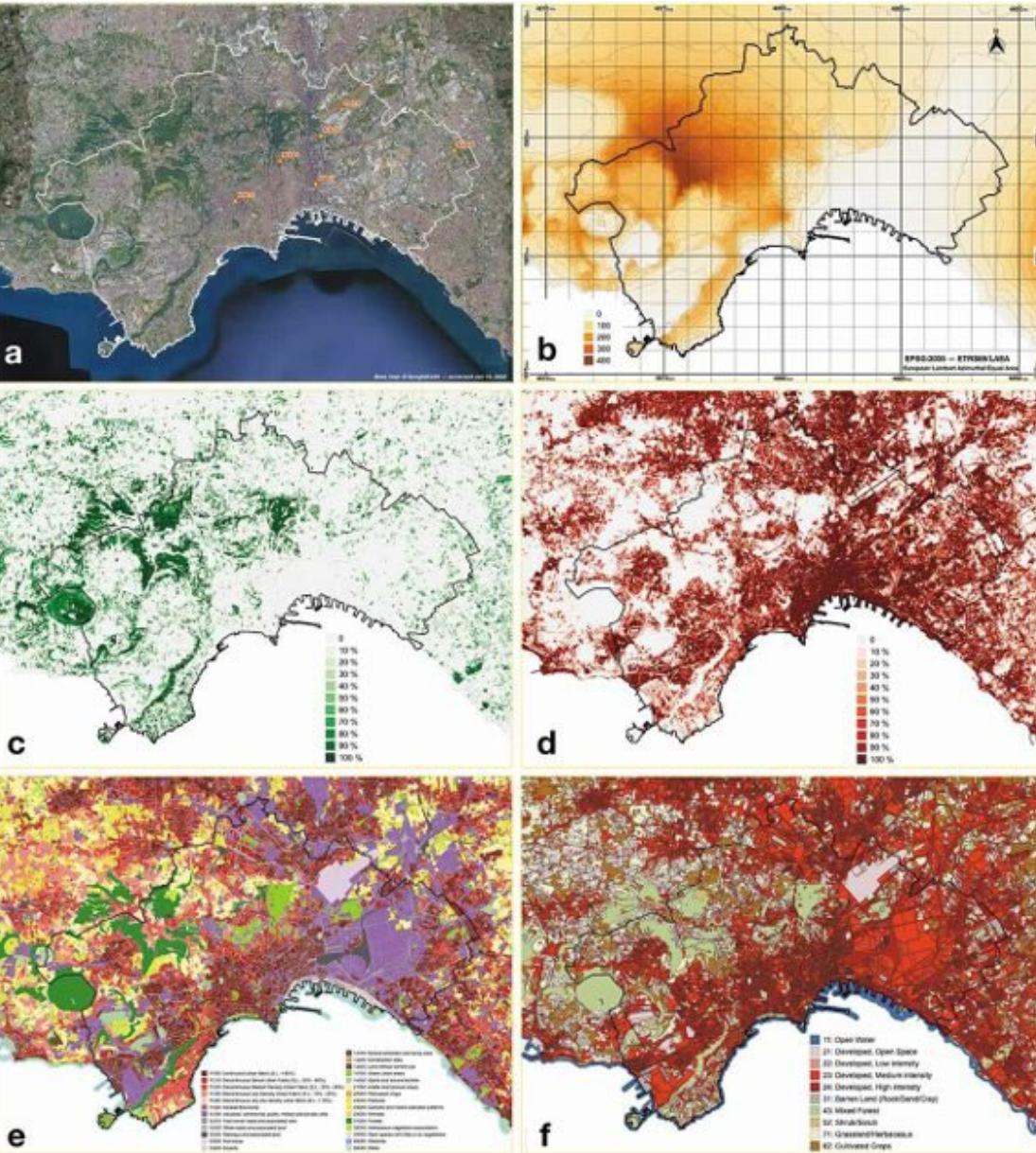
Cities host more than half of the world's population and due to global warming and land use change their vulnerability to deadly heat waves has increased. A healthy vegetated landscape can abate heat wave severity and diminish the related urban heat island through the process of evapotranspiration. This research aimed to develop a methodology for cities to use publicly available Copernicus land cover maps within the i-Tree Cool Air water and energy balance model to map air temperature and humidity. The manuscript presents proof of concept using Naples, Italy with its Mediterranean climate characterized by limited soil water for cooling via evapotranspiration. The approach achieved strong correlations between predicted and observed air temperatures across the city ($r \geq 0.89$). During the warm season of 2020, forested land cover was 5°C cooler than land cover dominated by impervious cover. Simulated land cover change, limited to a 10% increase or decrease in tree cover, generated an inverse change of 0.2°C in maximum hourly air temperature, with more trees obtaining cooler air. Soil water limited the cooling, with the generally wetter spring season enabling greater cooling of air temperatures, and summer droughts without irrigation had constrained cooling. Sustainable urban design will likely require an increase in plant cover along with a reduction of impervious surfaces that absorb and reradiate heat in order to improve community resilience to heat waves.

ARTICLE HISTORY

Received 18 March 2022
Revised 11 July 2022
Accepted 13 September 2022

KEYWORDS

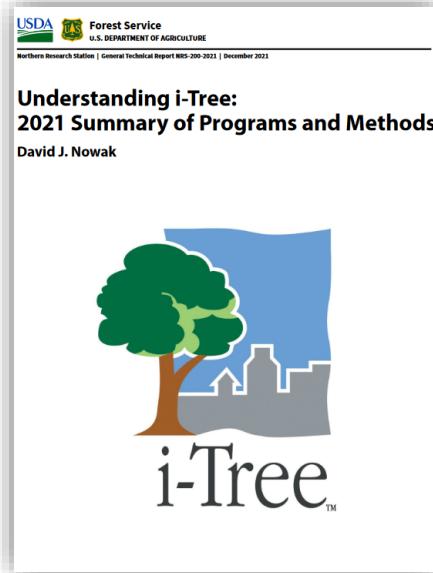
Heat waves; urban trees;
temperature reduction;
Mediterranean city; Urban
Atlas; ecosystem services





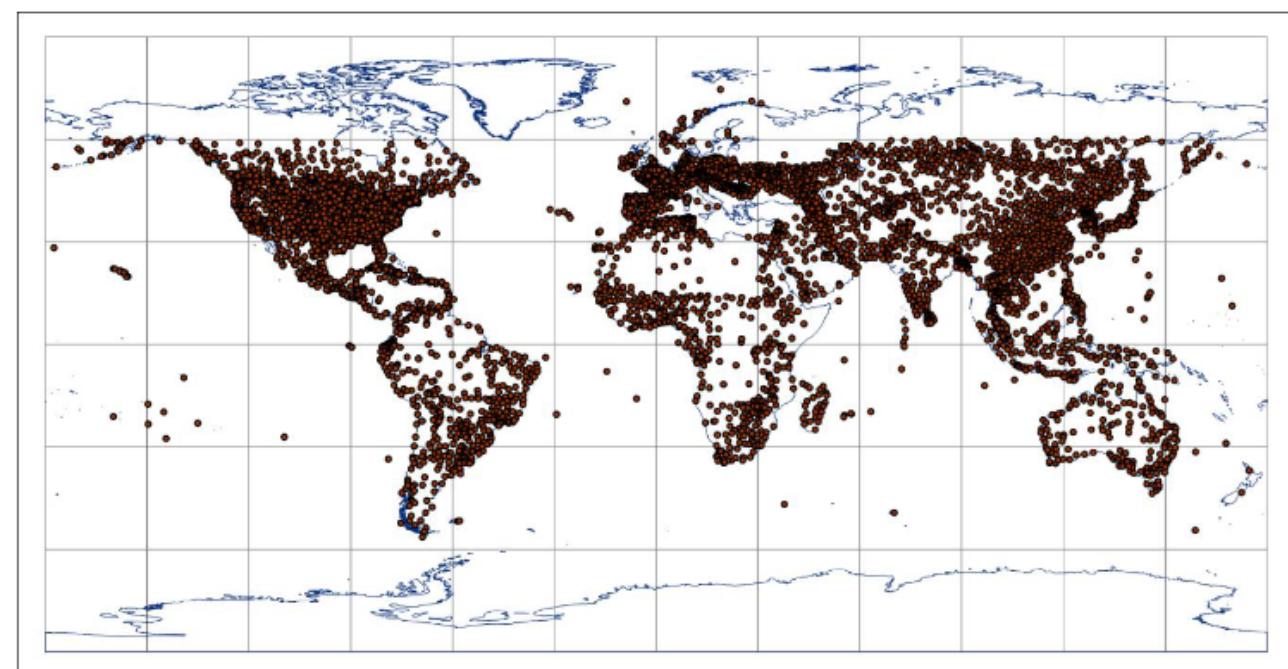
More recent science updates

- Understanding i-Tree omnibus methods documentation
- Tropical species carbon equations
- Leaf nutrients estimates
- Urban wood values
- Species specific pollen production



In development

- Expanded weather data
- Wildlife model enhancement
- New tree cover and climate projections
- i-Tree Energy
- ...and more

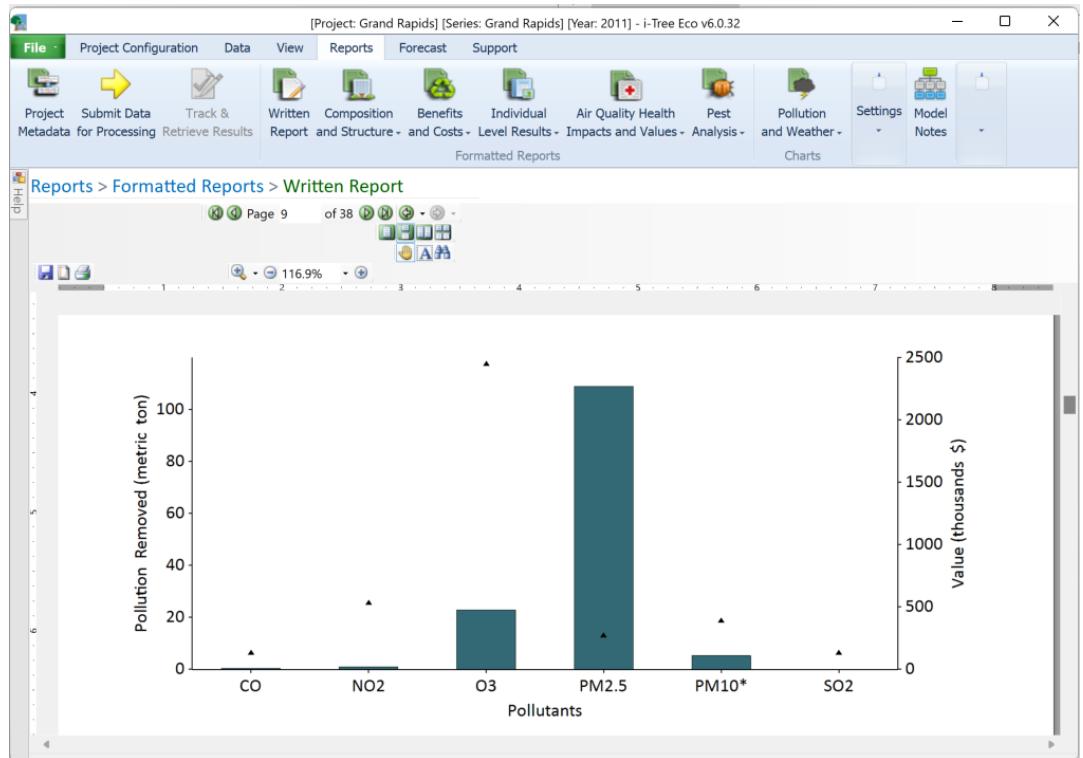




2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

Washington DC, 2023

i-Tree is more than science





i-Tree Eco our flagship tool: Easy data import



| A | B | C | D | E | F |
|----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------|---|
| 1 | Zone Species | Scientific Name | DBH | CONDITION | |
| 2 | NE Hackberry | <i>Celtis occidentalis</i> | 22 | Poor | |
| 3 | NE MapleNorway | <i>Acer platinoides</i> | 15 | Good | |
| 4 | NW Honeylocust | <i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> | 24 | Good | |
| 5 | NW Crabapplessp | <i>Malus</i> | 4 | Good | |
| 6 | SE Redbud, Eastern | <i>cercis canadensis</i> | 3 | Poor | |
| 7 | SE Pinesssp. | <i>Pinus</i> | 15 | Poor | |
| 8 | SE LindenOrnamental | <i>Tilia cordata</i> | 18 | Good | |
| 9 | SE Maackia | <i>Amur maackii</i> | 4 | Dead | |
| 10 | SE MapleNorway | <i>Acer platinoides</i> | 6 | Poor | |
| 11 | SE Redbud, Eastern | <i>cercis canadensis</i> | 3 | Poor | |
| 12 | SE Honeylocust | <i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> | 17 | Fair | |
| 13 | NW Hawthorn spp. | <i>crataegus</i> | 2 | Good | |
| 14 | SE Crabapplessp | <i>Malus</i> | 6 | Dying | |
| 15 | SE Redbud, Eastern | <i>cercis canadensis</i> | 3 | Fair | |
| 16 | NW AshGreen | <i>Fraxinus Pennsylvanica</i> | 19 | Good | |
| 17 | NE AshGreen | <i>Fraxinus Pennsylvanica</i> | 18 | Good | |
| 18 | NW MapleSugar | <i>Acer saccharum</i> | 28 | Dying | |
| 19 | NW MapleNorway | <i>Acer platinoides</i> | 9 | Good | |
| 20 | NW MapleSilver | <i>Acer saccharinum</i> | 35 | Excellent | |
| 21 | SE Ulmus americana 'princeton' | <i>Ulmus americana 'princeton'</i> | 7 | Good | |
| 22 | SE MapleSilver | <i>Acer saccharinum</i> | 38 | Good | |
| 23 | NW Crabapplessp | <i>Malus</i> | 7 | Dying | |
| 24 | NE MapleNorway | <i>Acer platinoides</i> | 19 | Good | |
| 25 | SW Crabapplessp | <i>Malus</i> | 8 | Good | |
| 26 | SE LindenOrnamental | <i>Tilia cordata</i> | 15 | Good | |
| 27 | NE Ginkgo | <i>Ginkgo biloba</i> | 2 | Fair | |
| 28 | SE Honeylocust | <i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> | 5 | Poor | |
| 29 | SE MapleNorway | <i>Acer platinoides</i> | 17 | Fair | |
| 30 | NE Hackberry | <i>Celtis occidentalis</i> | 2 | Fair | |



The Plots function seen in the action panel to the right is where you can enter or edit the plot data that you collected in the field (see Notes below). The upper table displays your plot data. While working in this table, you may use the tools in the Actions group to help manually enter new data or edit data that has already been added.

Steps to Viewing Plot Data:

1. When you click on a record in the plot table, additional plot data will be displayed in the table below it.
2. Use the tabs located at the bottom of the action panel to view different plot data in the lower table.
3. Hide the lower table by clicking on the pin button in the upper right-hand corner of the table.
4. Unhide the lower table by clicking on one of the tabs at the bottom of the action panel and clicking on the pin button again.

Steps to Manually Add/Edit Data:

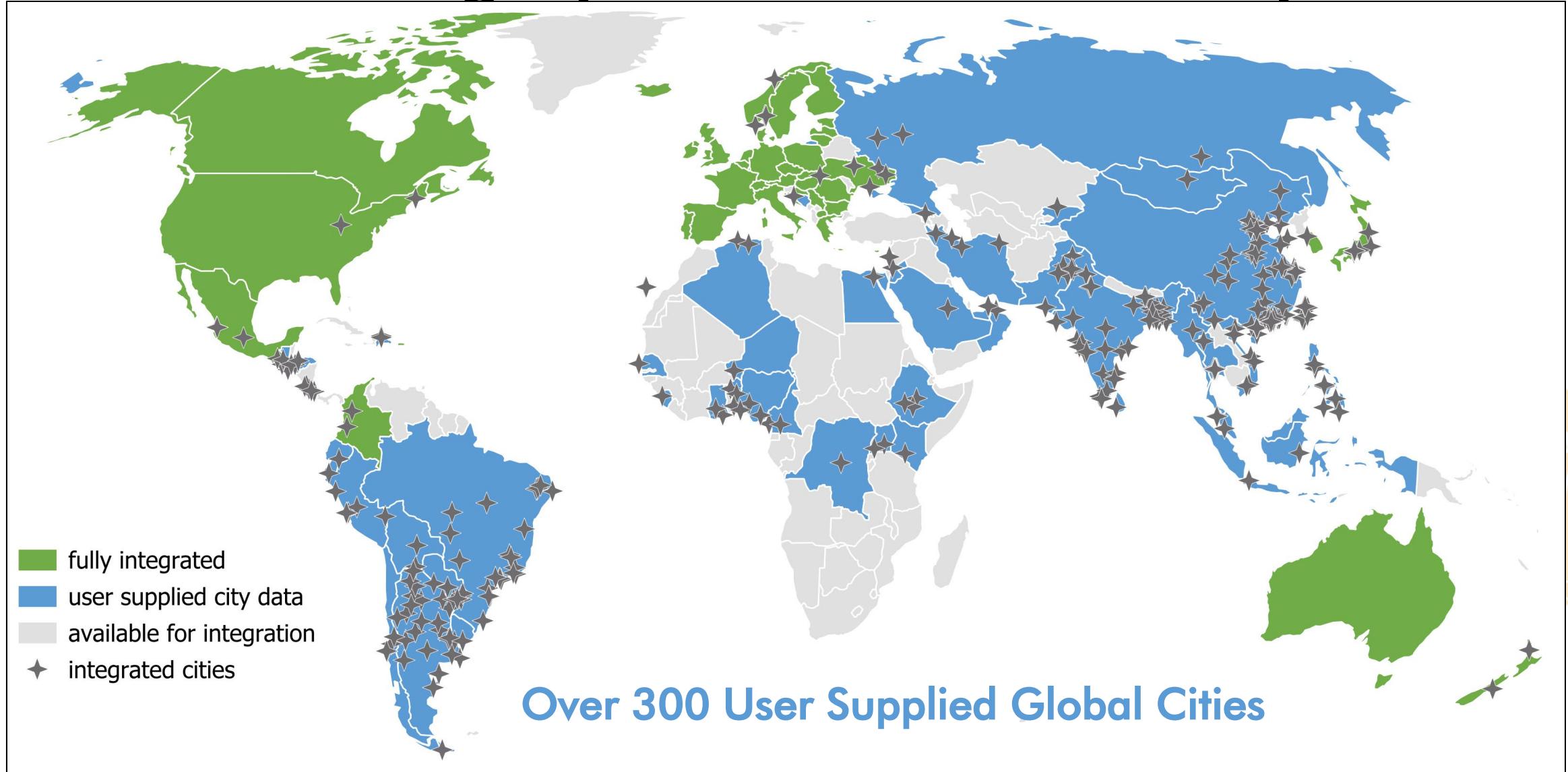
1. Click in the box where you would like to enter data and begin typing.
2. Use the Tab key on your keyboard or the left and right arrows to move from

Up to 500,000 trees



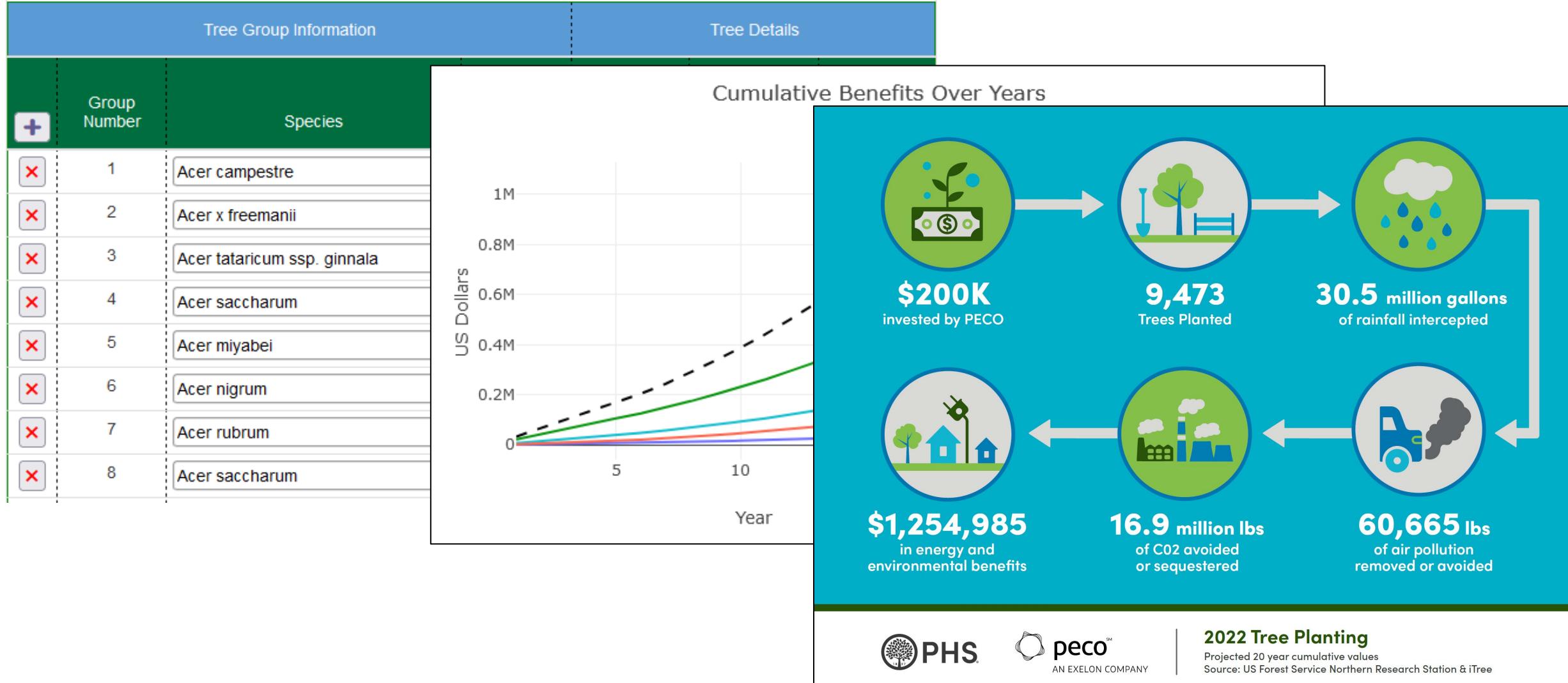


i-Tree Eco our flagship tool: Available in more places





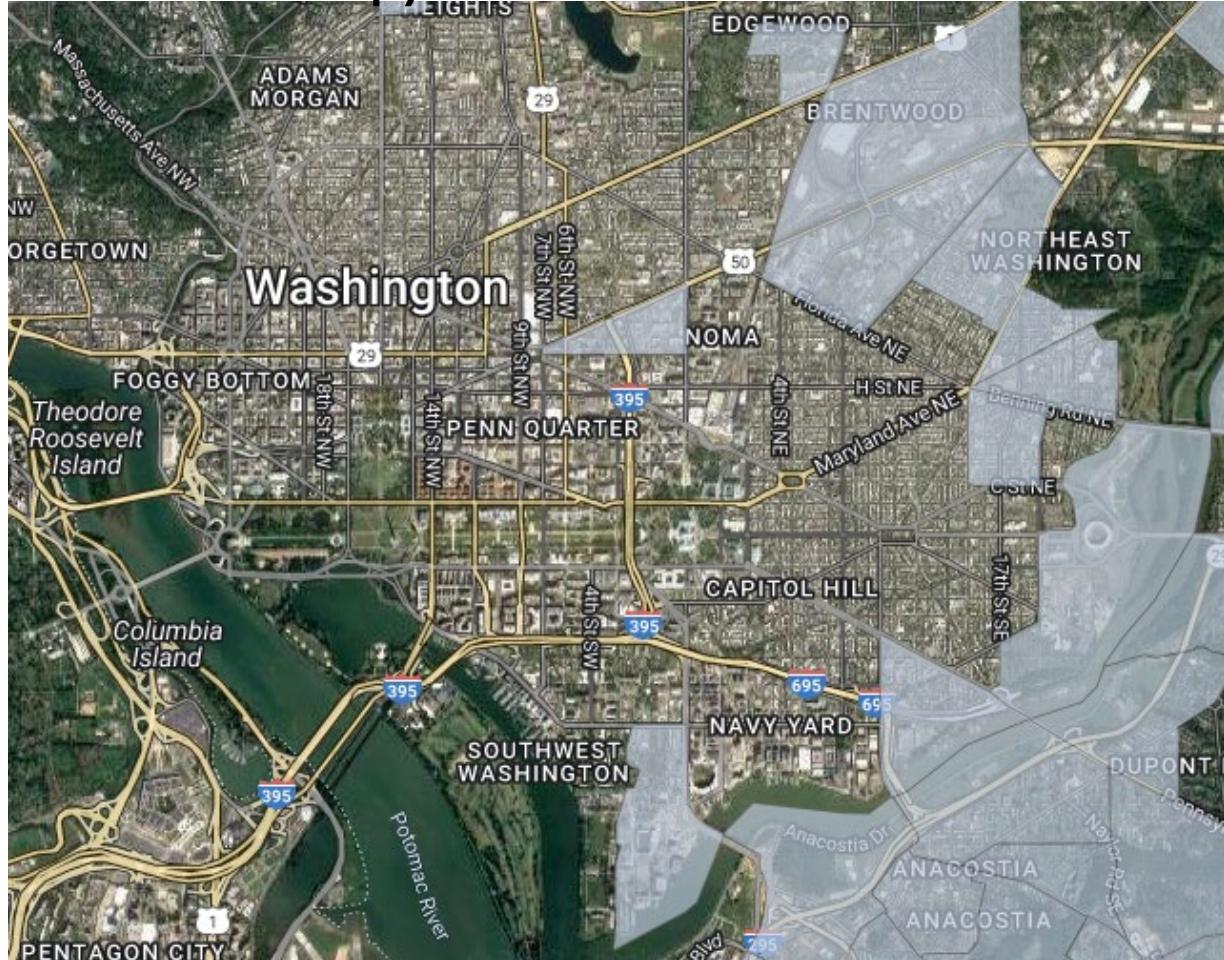
i-Tree Planting: Project benefits of 1,000's of trees



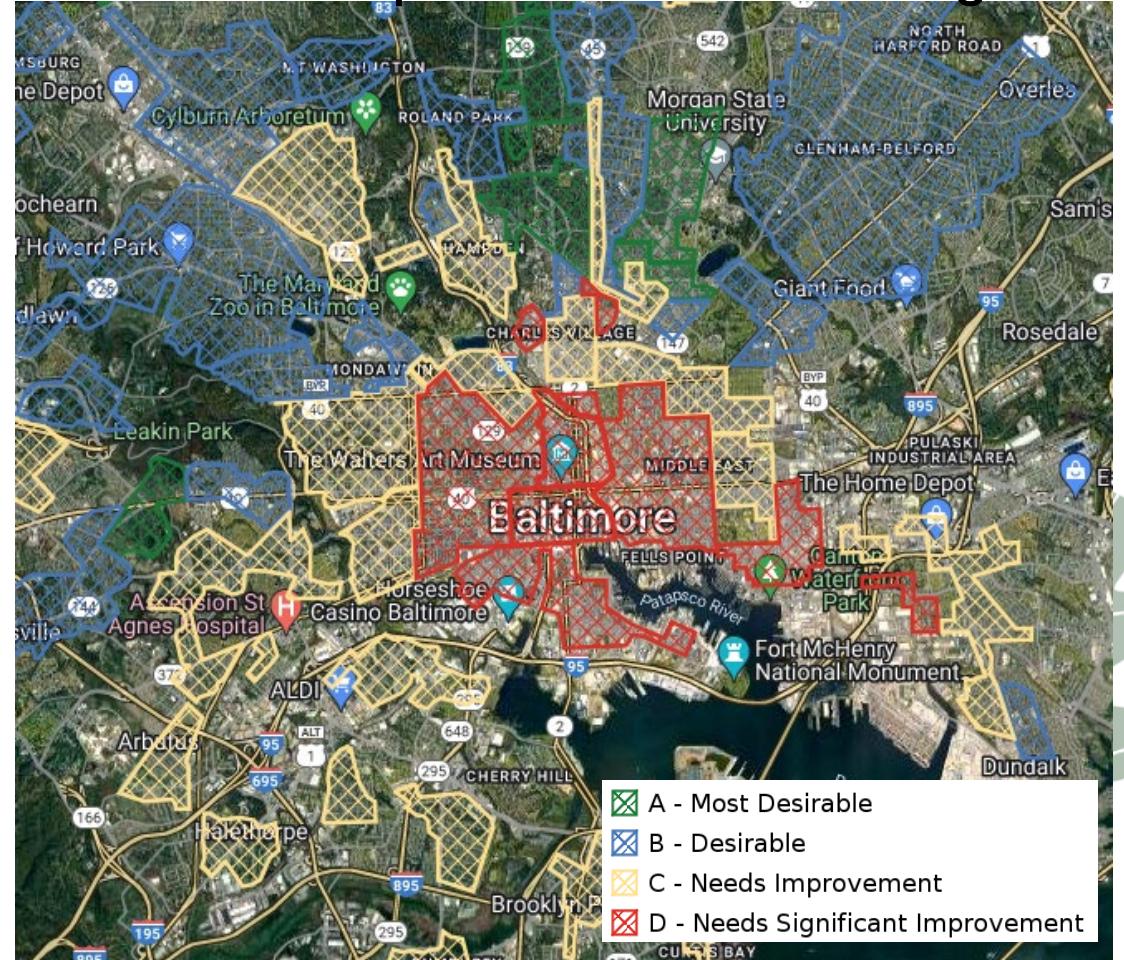


Easier to identify where tree benefits matter

i-Tree Canopy—Climate & Economic Justice

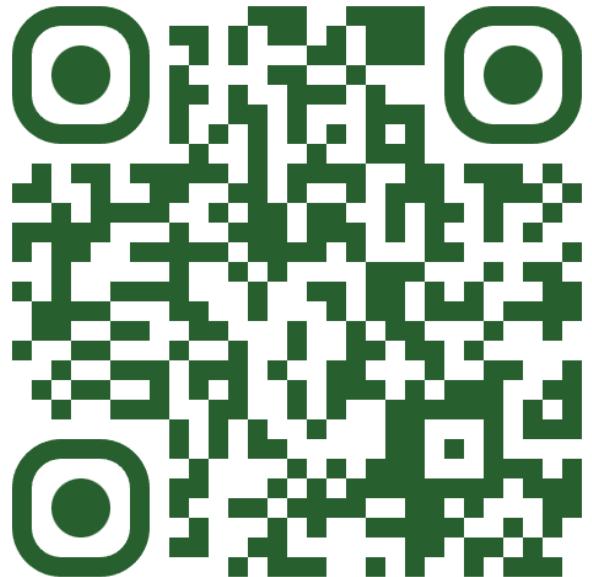


i-Tree Landscape—Historic Red-lining Data

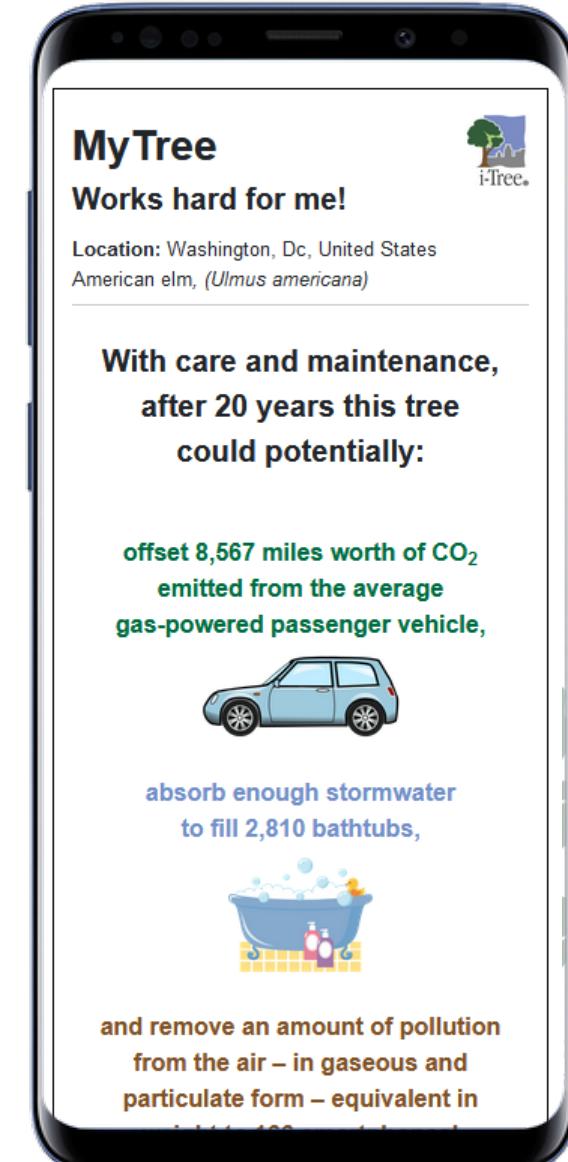
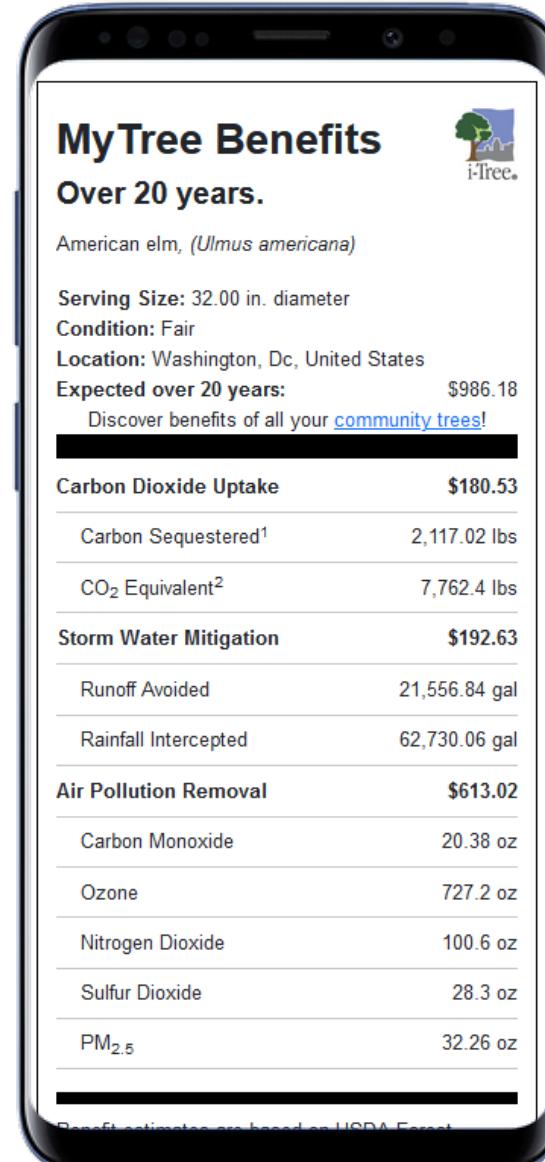
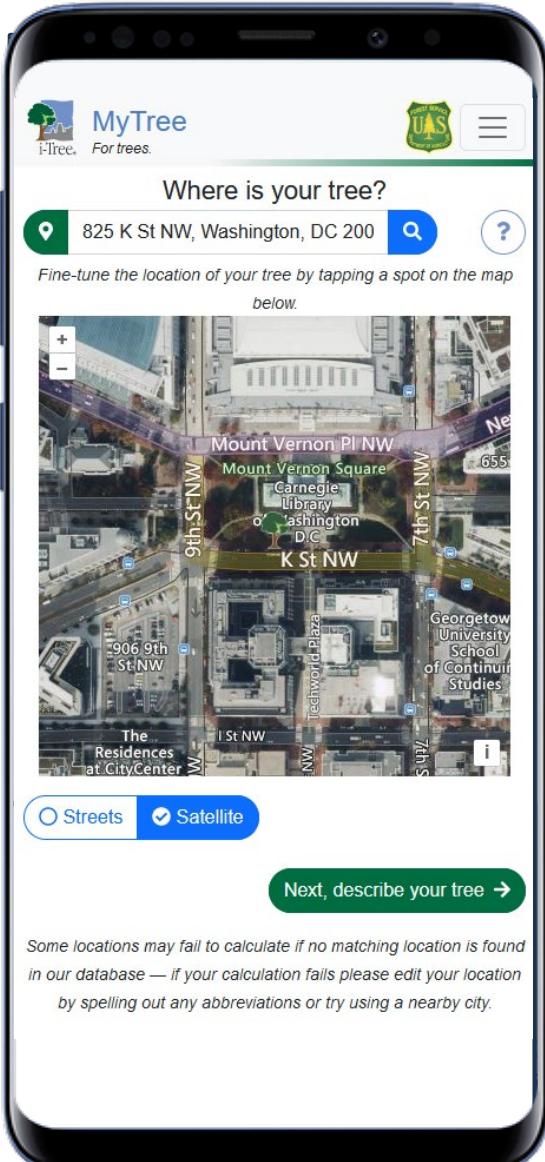




MyTree: i-Tree Science Everywhere



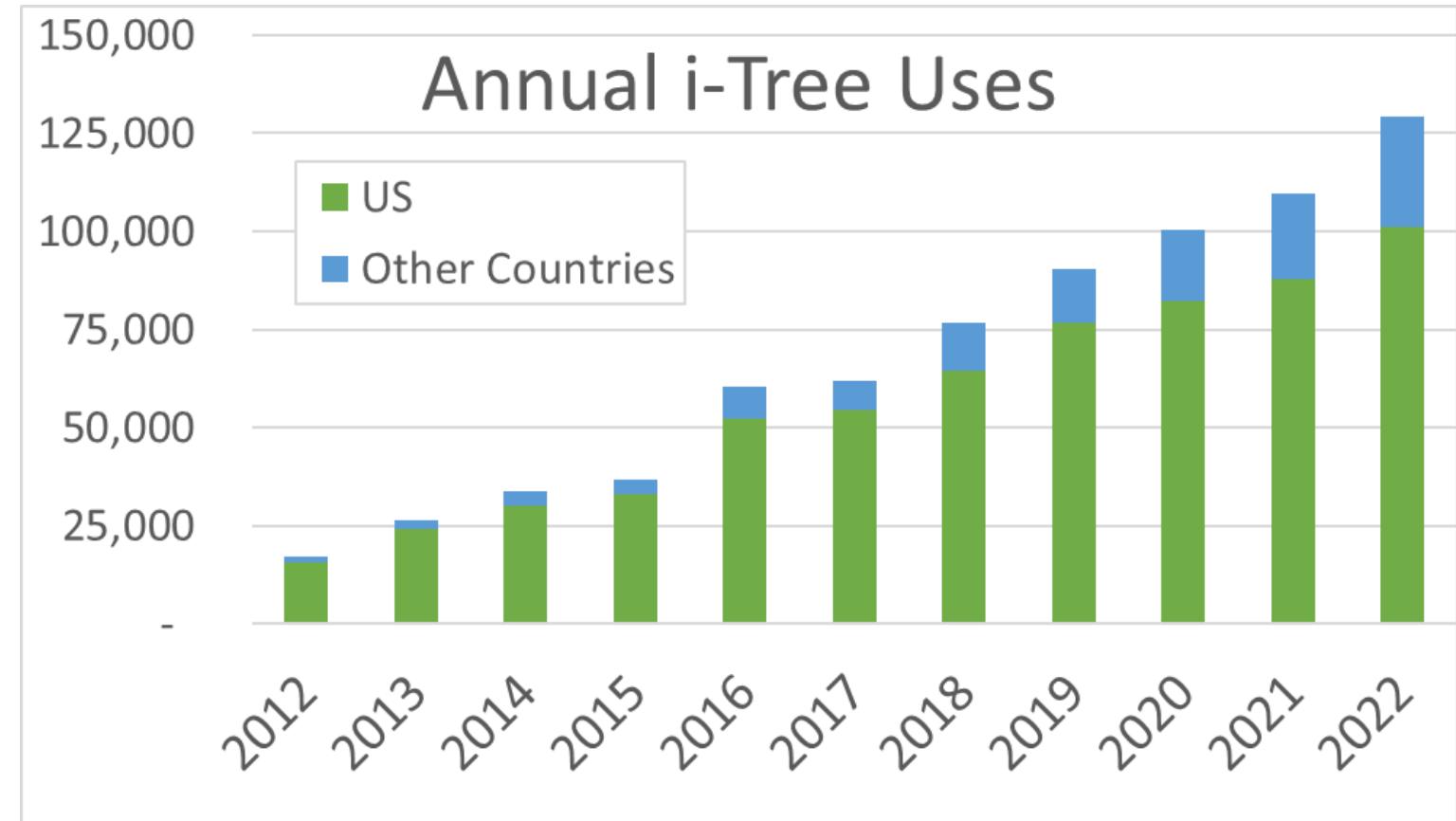
MyTree.itreetools.org





Supporting i-Tree Users

- i-Tree Open Academies (spring and summer sessions)
- i-Tree For Funding webinars
- i-Tree International Academy
- i-Tree Office Hours
- Over 1,000 individual technical support contacts each year





Check out what's new in i-Tree

www.itreetools.org

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- i-Tree Day (Wednesday)
- Future i-Tree Academies
- Office Hours
- Connect on LinkedIn
- info@itreetools.org



Thank you

Jason Henning | The Davey Institute

www.itreetools.org

 Jason.Henning@davey.com



Food and Agriculture
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POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863



2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

2023



**World Forum on
Urban Forests**



2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

Washington DC, 2023

Transdisciplinary and arts-centered
approaches to stewardship and
sustainability of urban forests



Presented by

Lindsay K. Campbell, PhD

Co-authors: Chris Fremantle, David Maddox,
Erika Svendsen, Sarah Hines, Mary Mattingly,
Matthew López-Jensen, Nikki Lindt, Liza
Paqueo, Michelle Johnson





Context

- Climate change, unsustainable development, and systemic inequality produce 'wicked problems' that require multidimensional thinking and practice.
- Arts offers a distinct 'way of knowing' and a novel approach to these problems.
- Transdisciplinarity addresses complex challenges and values different forms of knowledge.





Approach: **Urban Field Station Collaborative Arts Program**

- We build understanding of and engagement with urban forests and social-ecological systems through arts.
- We facilitate transdisciplinary collaboration between artists, scientists, and land managers.
- We curate events and public programs that explore ideas emerging from these collaborations.



(www.ufsarts.com)



Materials and Methods

- UFS Arts programmatic data from 2016-2023, including:
 - Organizing team field notes
 - Group debriefs from quarterly UFS Arts all hands meetings
 - Artists' program evaluation assessments
- Case studies:
 - Matthew López-Jensen's *Tree Love*
 - Nikki Lindt's *Underground Sound Project*
 - Mary Mattingly's *Swale*
 - The UFS exhibition *Who Takes Care of New York?*





Sensitizing us to the capacities of trees and forests

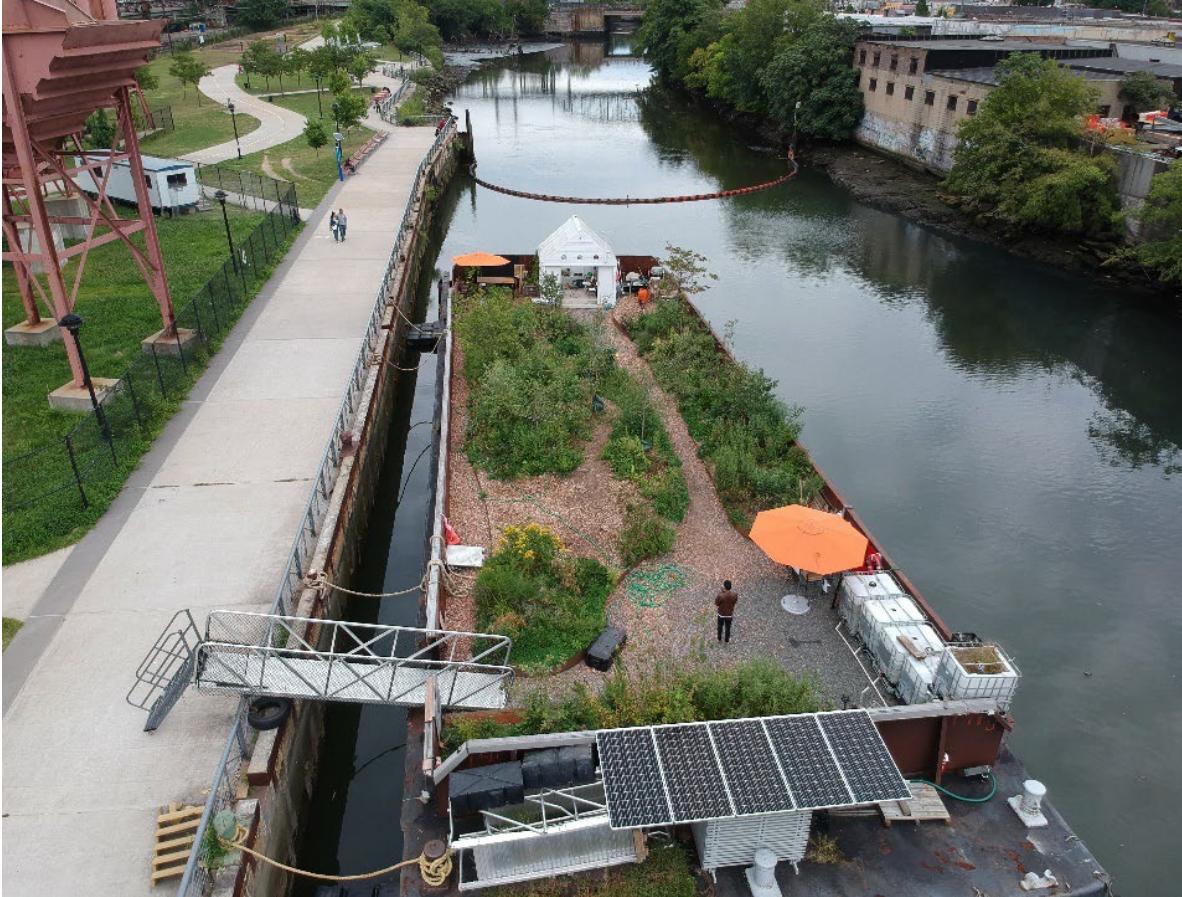


(Left to Right: Tree Love by Matthew López-Jensen;
Underground Sound Project by Nikki Lindt)





Critical provocation, social practice art, and productive landscapes



(Swale by Mary Mattingly)





Amplifying stories of community stewardship



Who takes care of New York?

A new exhibition highlights environmental stewardship in NYC

By Valerie Ricciuti | Sep 16, 2019, 8:55am EDT

SHARE



(Who Takes Care of New York? Photos courtesy of Malcolm Pinckney, NYC Parks)





Discussion

How do collaborations between artists, scientists, and land managers transform stewardship practices?

1. By posing new types of questions, art can create an opening for critical reflection in land management.
2. Art can engage multiple ways of knowing and making meaning of place, land, and ecosystems; these modes have the potential to engage a wide range of diverse publics.
3. Art can recognize and engage in two-way learning and dialogue across differences.





Join us!

- Urban Field Station Collaborative Arts Program welcomes new artists and collaborative partners – contact us.
- Current 2024 call for artists is open at: www.ufsarts.com.



Kilia Llano, Santo Domingo, DR



Michele Brody, New York



Ania Upstill, New York



Tommy Cheemou Yang, New York



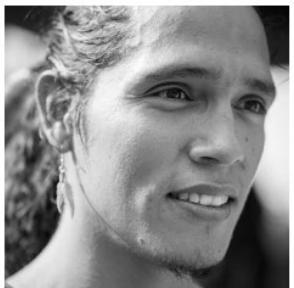
Krystal Mack, Baltimore, MD



Nalu Andrade, Honolulu, HI



Franklin Cruz, Denver, CO



Aaron Terry, Philadelphia, PA



Amir Campbell, Philadelphia, PA



Richard Johnson, Springfield, MA



Hector Resto, Guaynabo, Puerto Rico



Samih Abu Zakieh, Hebron, Palestine



The 2022 UFS artist cohort





Thank you

Lindsay Campbell | USDA Forest Service

www.ufsarts.com

 Lindsay.campbell@usda.gov



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



d.



2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

2023



**World Forum on
Urban Forests**



2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

Washington DC, 2023

Urban Forests and Equity:

The Use of the My City's Trees App to Explore
the Distribution of Trees and Benefits in Several
U.S. Cities Through a Social Vulnerability Lens



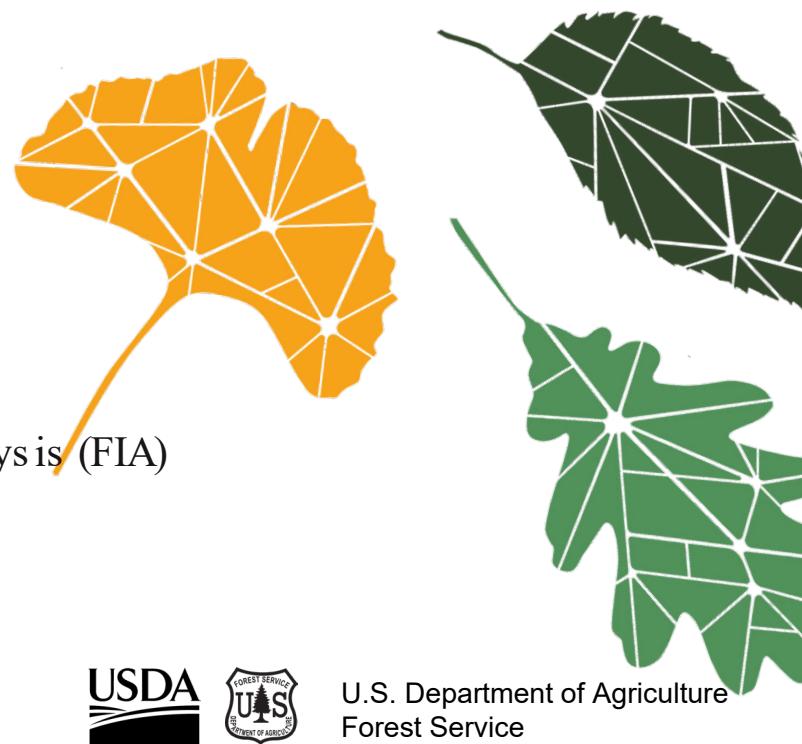
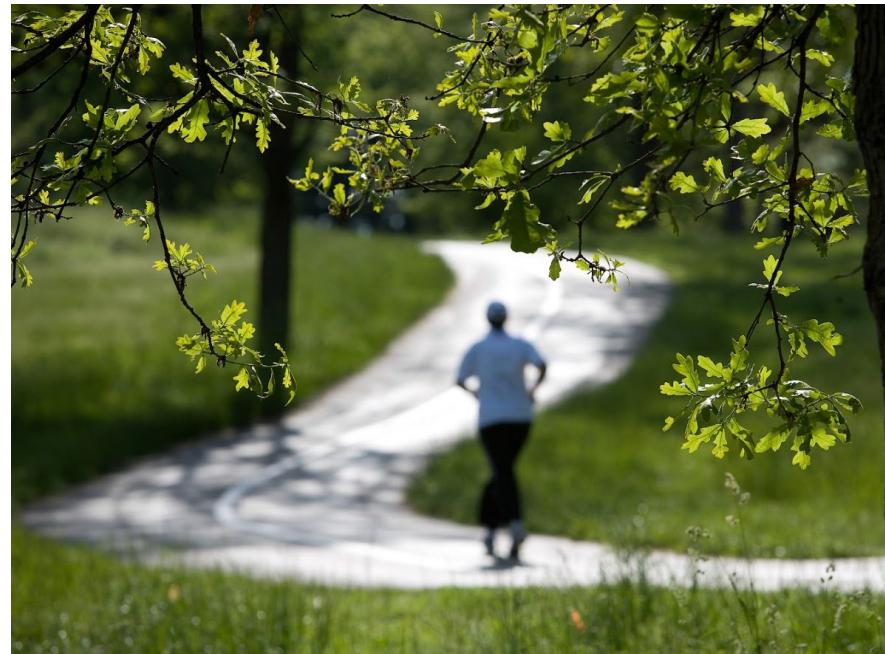
Presented by

Tonya Lister, USDA Forest Service, Forest Inventory and Analysis (FIA)

Sjana Schanning, USDA Forest Service, FIA

Nancy Sonti, USDA Forest Service, Baltimore Field Station

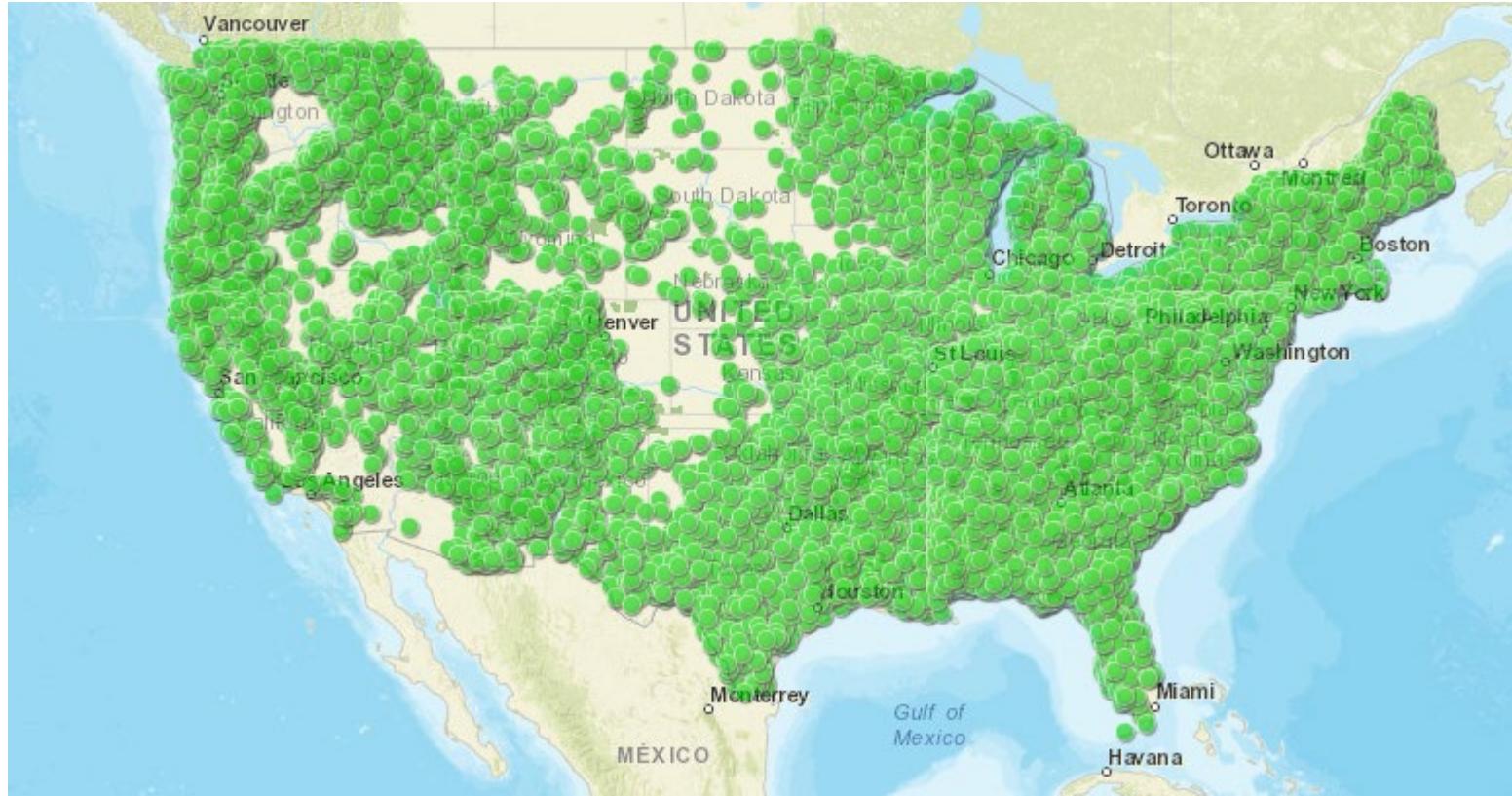
Rebekah Zehnder, Texas A&M Forest Service



U.S. Department of Agriculture
Forest Service



USDA Forest Service, Forest Inventory and Analysis (FIA) Program



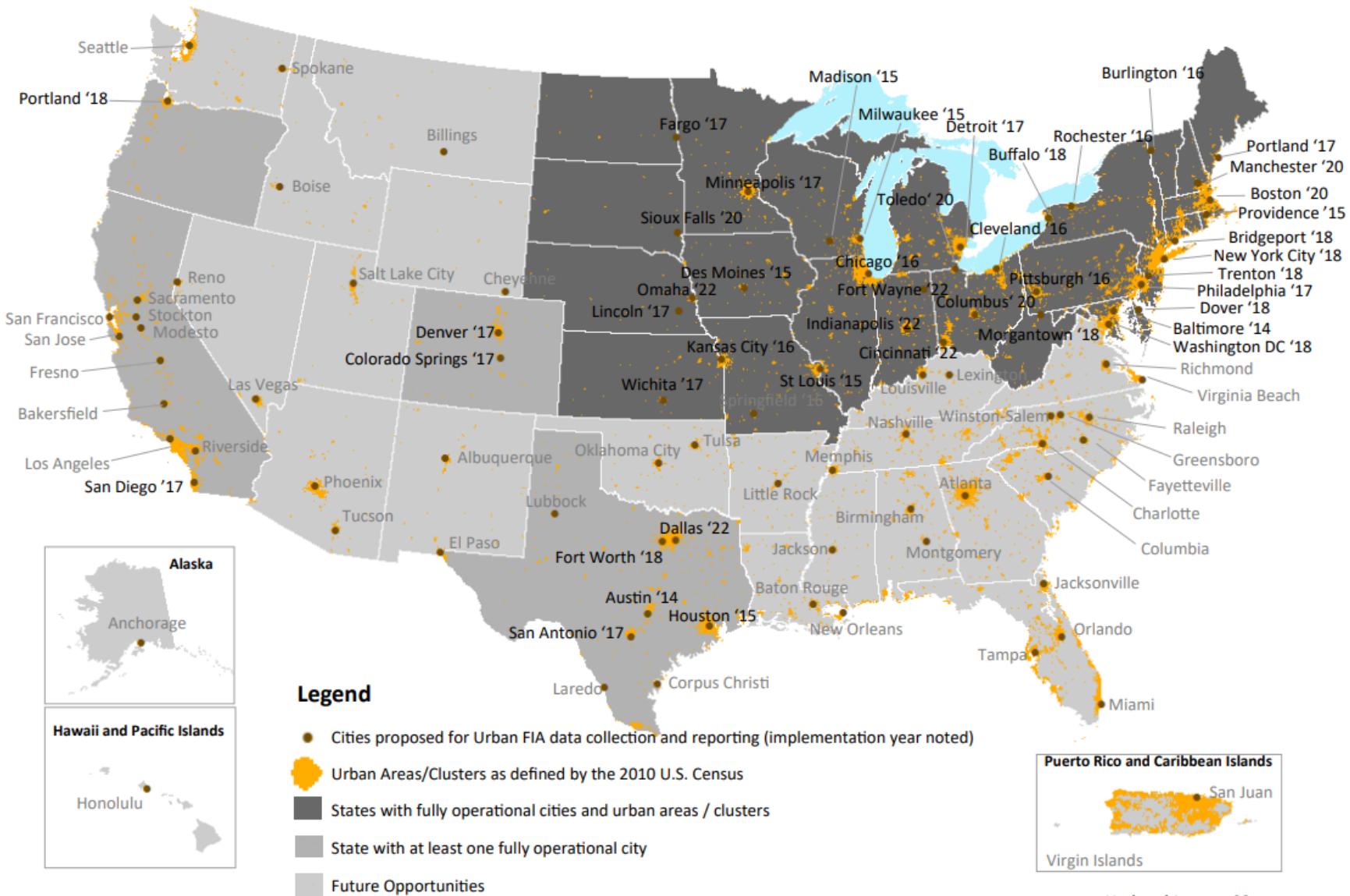
FIA field crews sample more than 130,000 forested plots (represented by dots) to compile the inventory. These plots are found throughout the continental United States, Alaska, and the Nation's territories in the Caribbean and Pacific.





Urban FIA Program Goal

- Annually monitor the forests of all U.S. Census-defined urban areas with a special emphasis on the largest cities in the nation.
- UFIA is currently initiated in 44 cities, in 28 states with 24 statewide urban area projects.





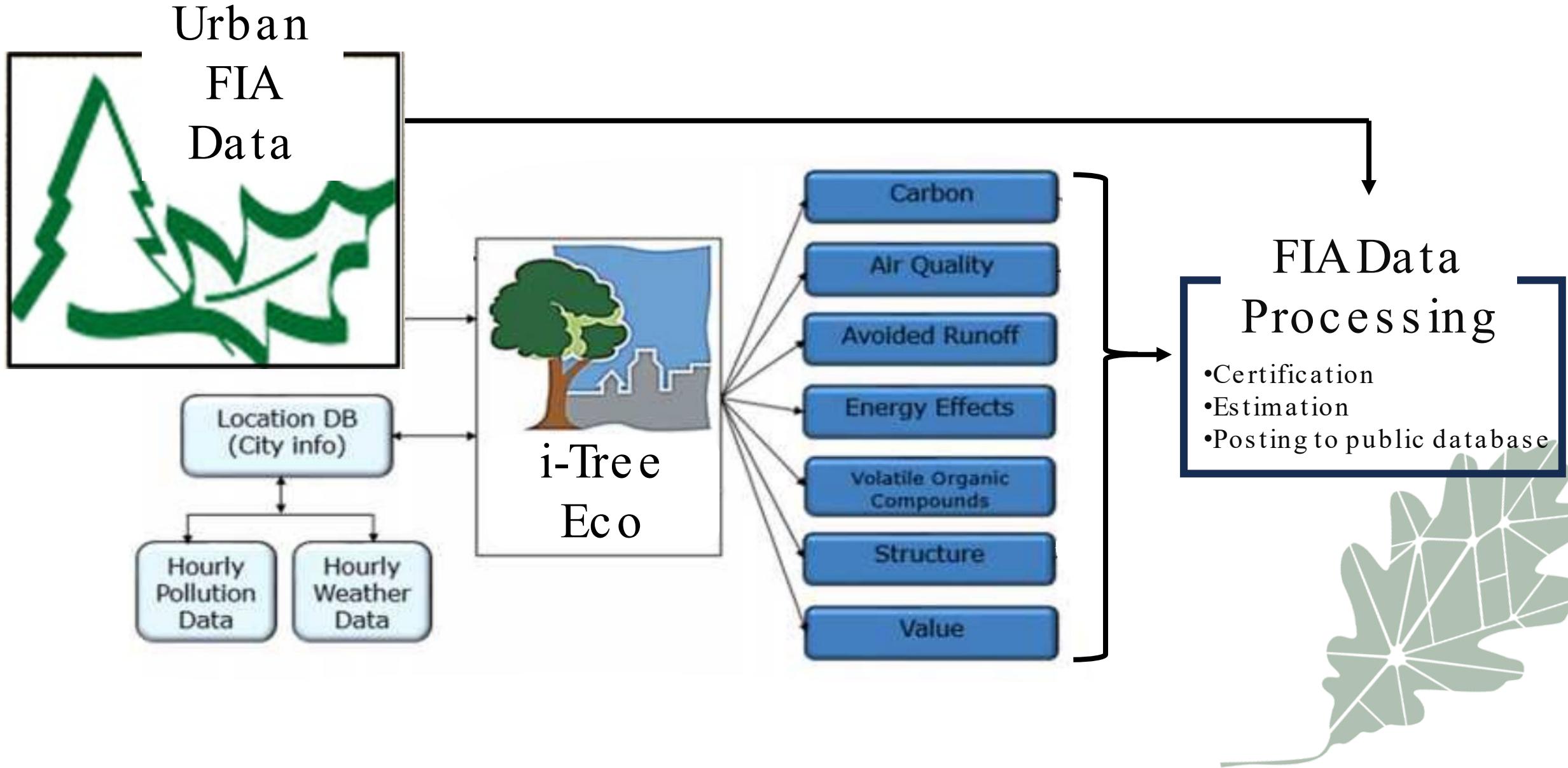
Urban FIA Data-FIA core variables



- Tree data--species type, tree measurements, damages, health, and condition...
- Site conditions –land use, ownership, veg and surface cover
- Percent cover of selected invasive plant species...
- Derived estimates of volume, biomass, and carbon
- Change data and trend estimates with remeasurement data



Integration of i-Tree Eco Methods





MY CITY'S TREES

Bringing the Nation's Forest Census to Urban Areas

[Learn More](#)



[OPEN APPLICATION](#)

[CONTACT US](#)



MY CITY

No city selected

MY AREA

No city selected

SELECT CITY



SELECT THEME



SELECT CLASSES



No selection

No selection

No selection



≡



...



Washington, DC



Social Vulnerability



6/6

ST. LOUIS, MO

Greater St. Louis, MO

Washington, DC

SELECT THEME



Land Cover

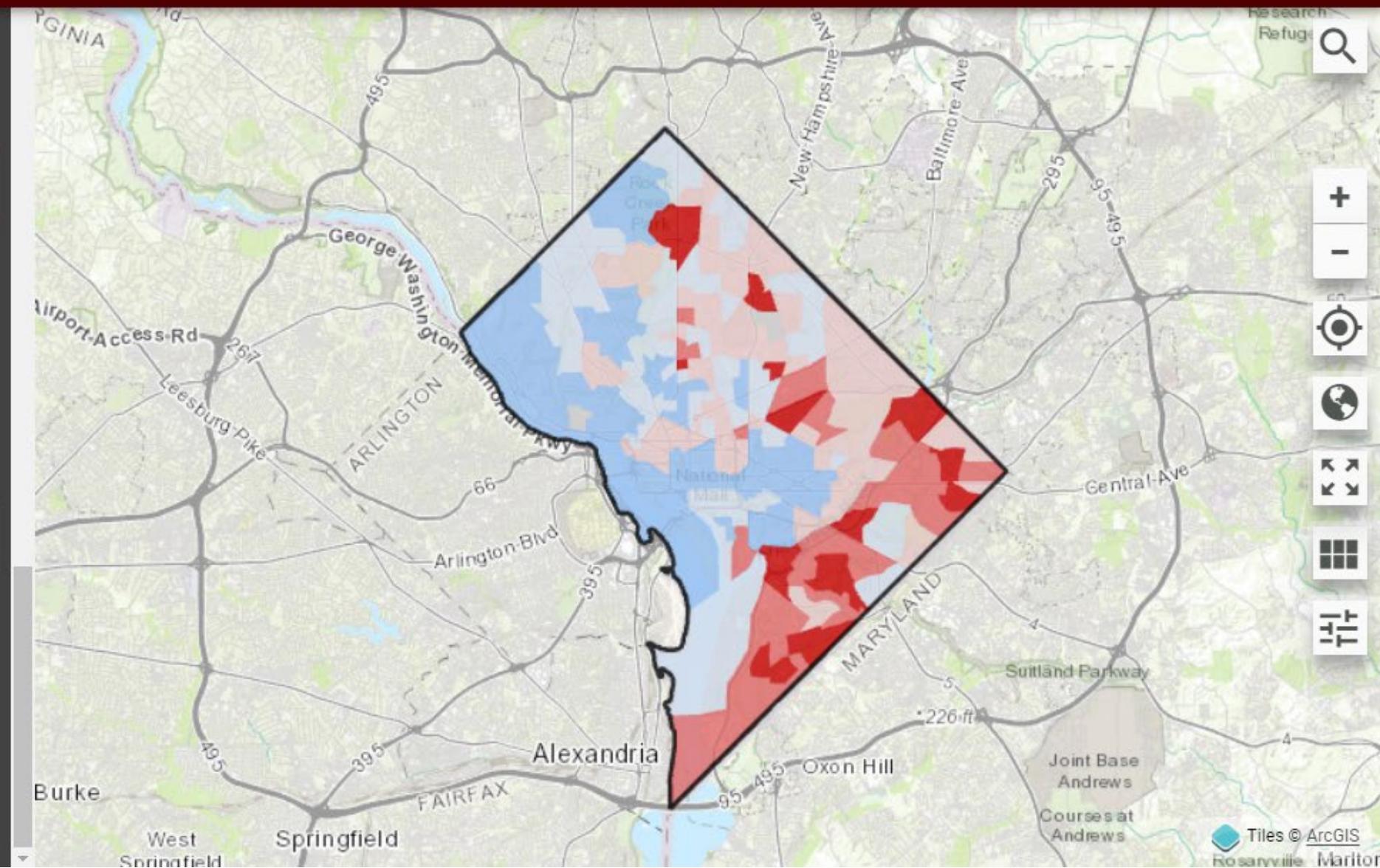
Population Density

Social Vulnerability

Heat Sensitivity-Exposure

Wards

SELECT CLASSES





Overall Vulnerability

Social Vulnerability Index (SVI)

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Socioeconomic Status | Below 150% Poverty Unemployed Housing Cost Burden No High School Diploma No Health Insurance |
| Household Characteristics | Aged 65 & Older Aged 17 & Younger Civilian with a Disability Single-Parent Households English Language Proficiency |
| Racial & Ethnic Minority Status | Hispanic or Latino (of any race) Black or African American, Not Hispanic or Latino Asian, Not Hispanic or Latino American Indian or Alaska Native, Not Hispanic or Latino Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, Not Hispanic or Latino Two or More Races, Not Hispanic or Latino Other Races, Not Hispanic or Latino |
| Housing Type & Transportation | Multi-Unit Structures Mobile Homes Crowding No Vehicle Group Quarters |

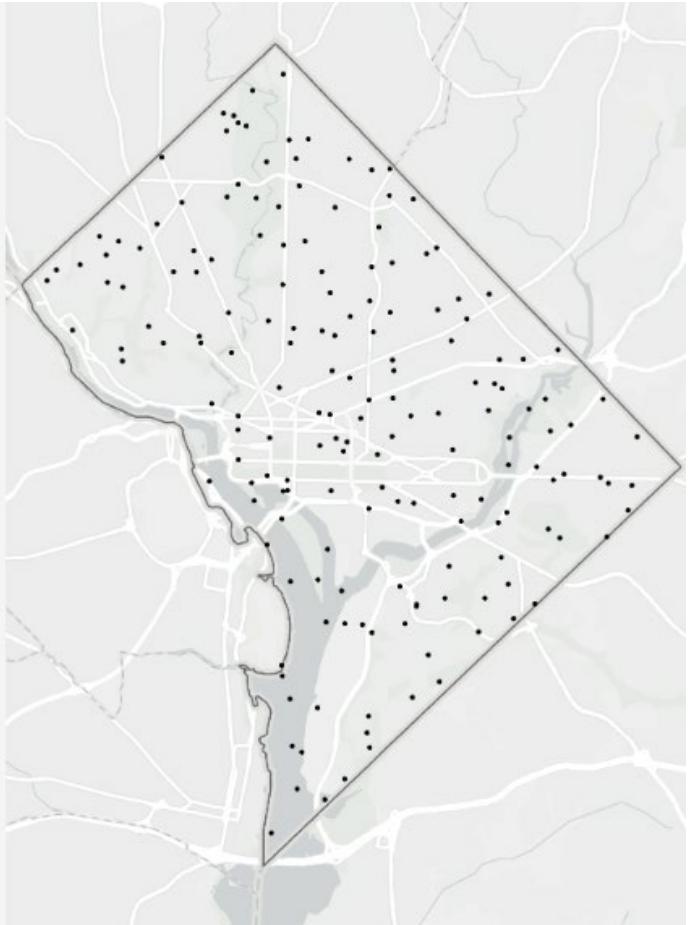
- Developed to help public health officials and emergency response planners identify and map the communities that will most likely need support before, during, and after a hazardous event.
- Relative ranking of vulnerability based on 16 social factors from 2020 U.S. Census American Community Survey data.



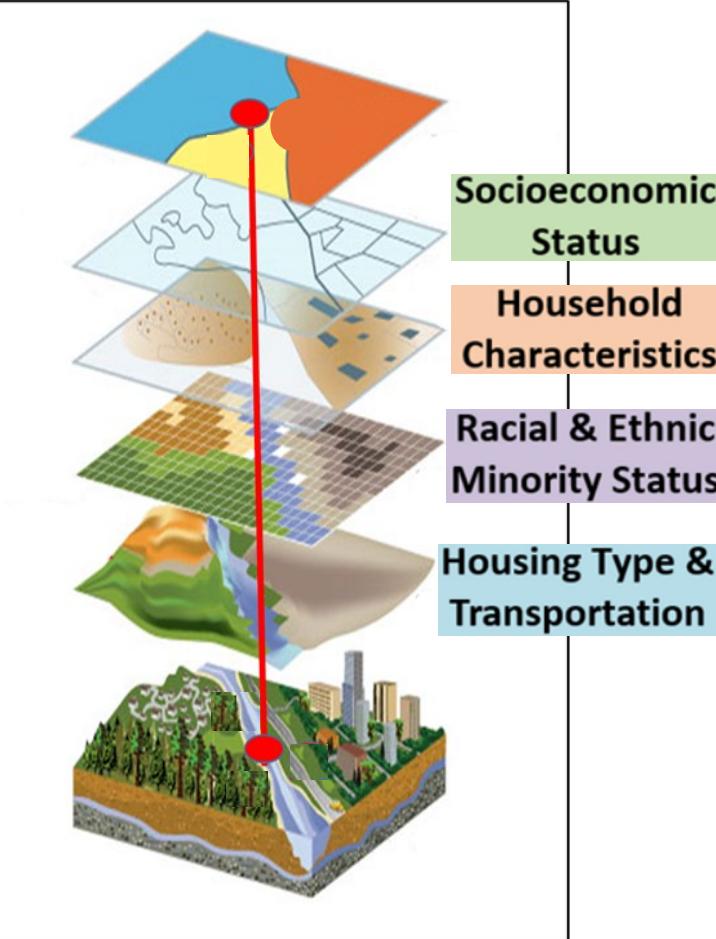


Attaching SVI Data to Urban FIA Plots

Urban FIA plots in Washington, DC

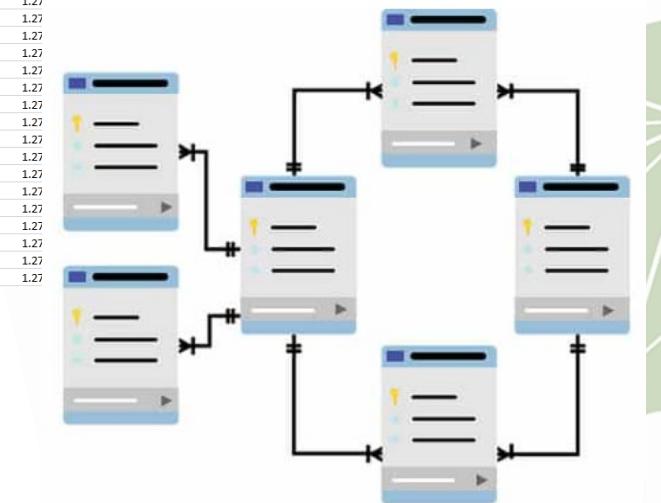


Plots are labeled with census tract SVI data



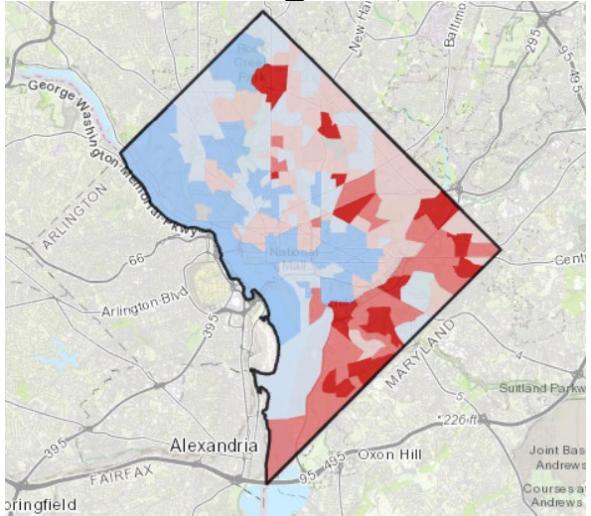
SVI available as an analysis variable

| PE_CN | EVAL_ID | PLT_CN | SVI_Theme1 | SVI_Theme2 | SVI_Theme3 | SVI_Theme4 |
|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 508333366126144 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833372126144 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833372126144 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833372126144 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833372126144 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.61 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833372126144 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.61 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833372126144 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.61 | 0.61 |
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| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833382126144 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833382126144 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 508333383126144 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833384126144 | -0.03 | -0.03 | -0.03 | -0.03 |
| 1.27309E+15 | Washington2021Curr | 50833384126144 | -0.07 | -0.07 | -0.07 | -0.07 |
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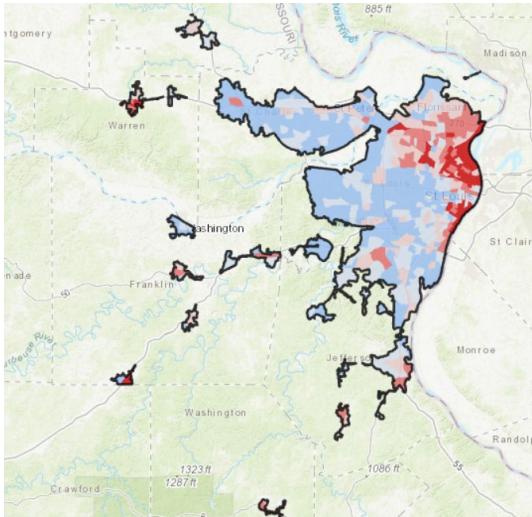


Tree Density by Social Vulnerability

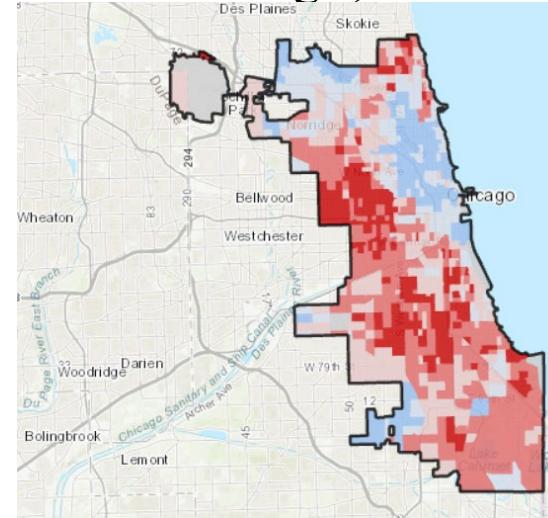
Washington, DC



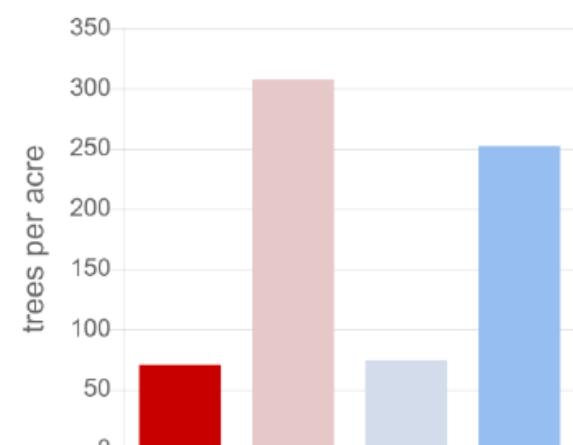
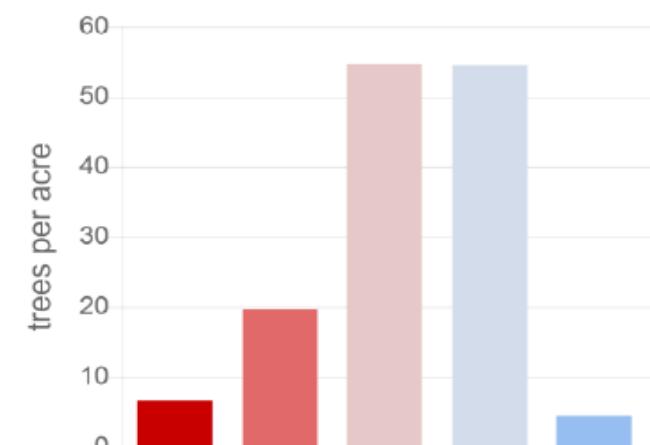
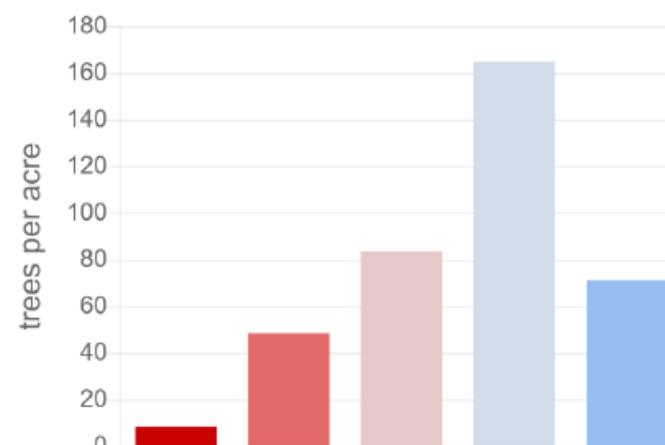
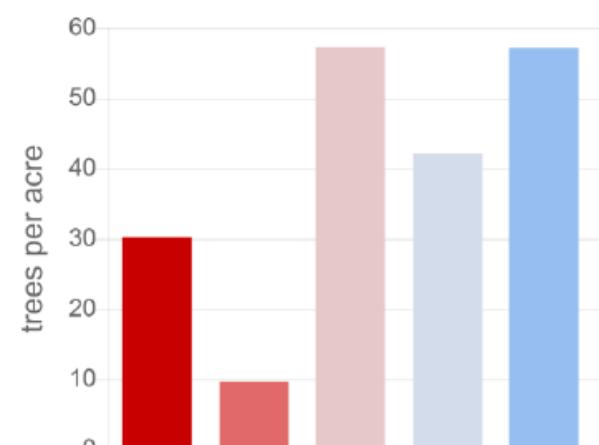
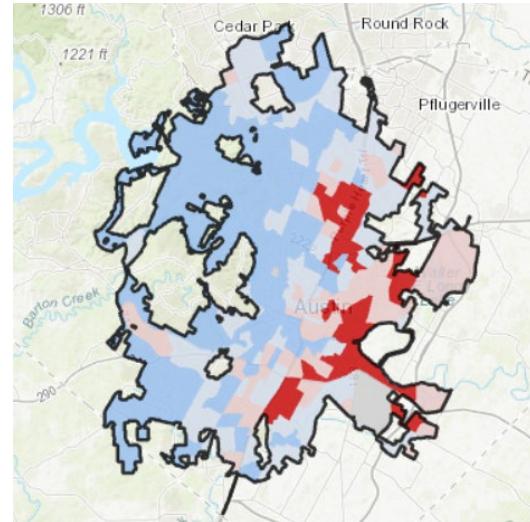
Greater St. Louis, MO



Chicago, IL



Austin, TX

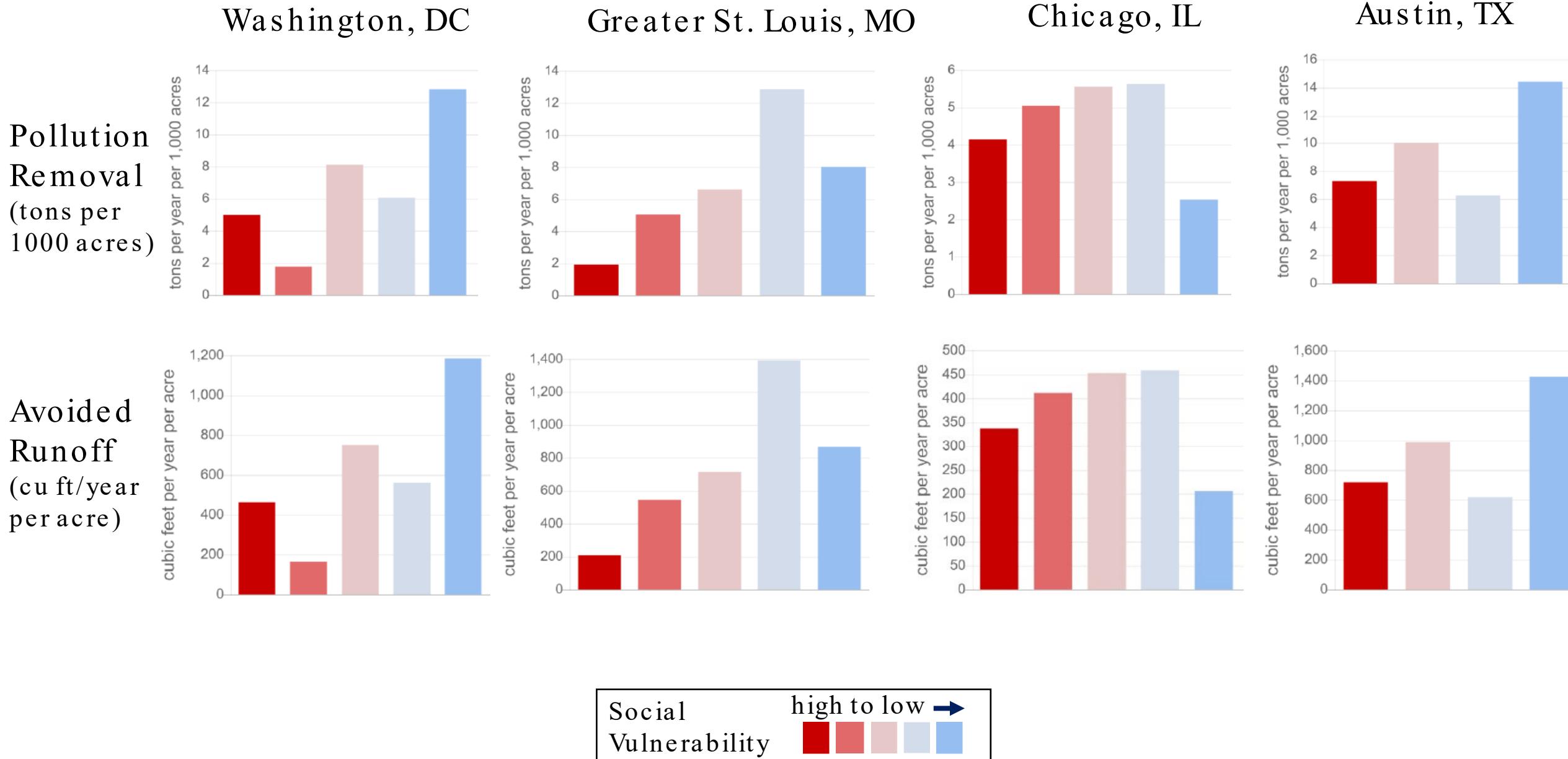


Social
Vulnerability

high to low →

A horizontal color scale legend with five boxes, ranging from dark red (highest) to light blue (lowest). The text "high to low" with a right-pointing arrow is positioned above the scale.

Select Ecosystem Services by Social Vulnerability





Greater St. Louis, MO



Social Vulnerability



3/5

Heat Island

Watershed

Population Density

City / Metro Area

SELECT CLASSES



Highest Vulnerability



High Vulnerability



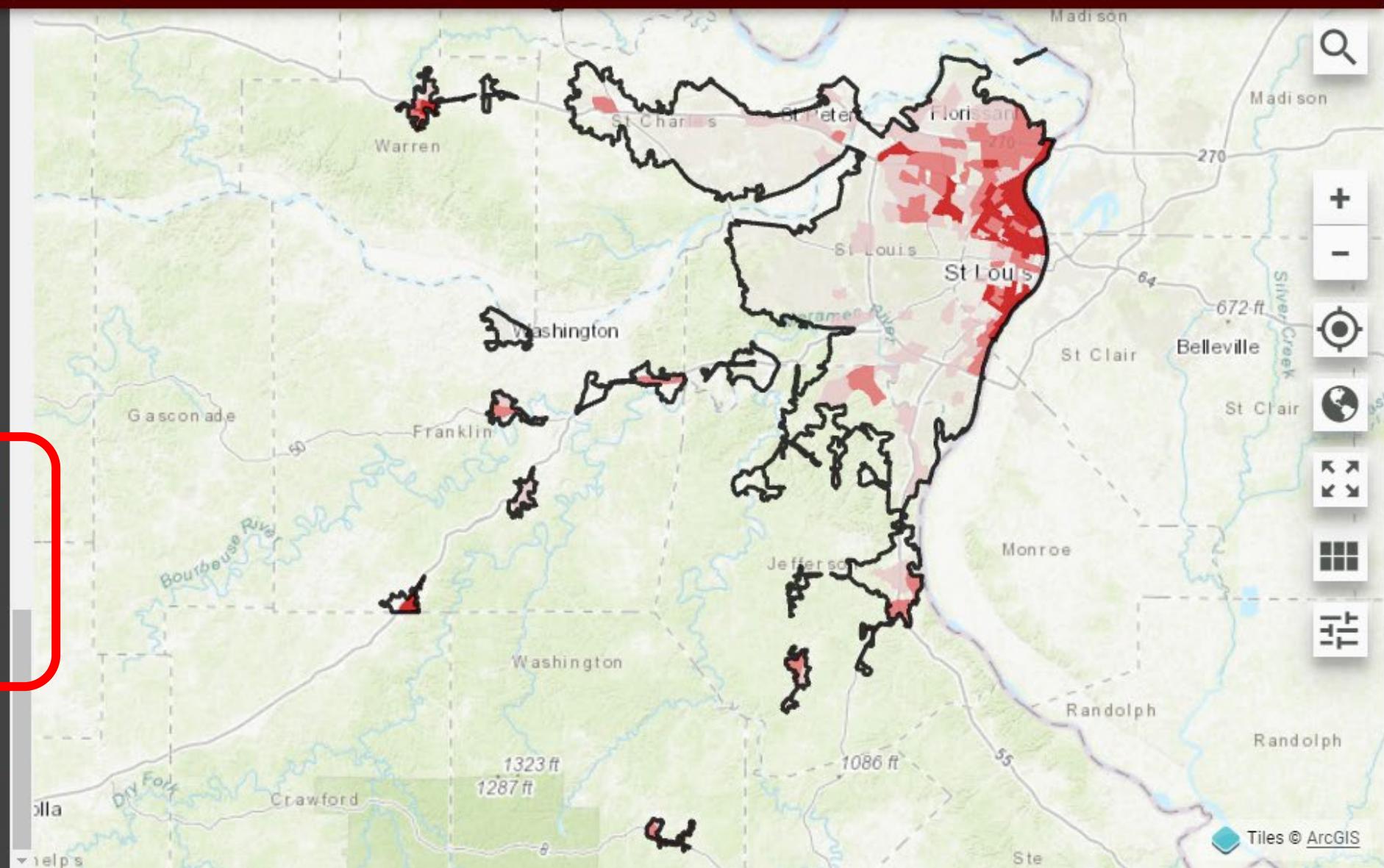
Moderate to High Vulnerabi.



Low to Moderate Vulnerabil...



Lowest Vulnerability





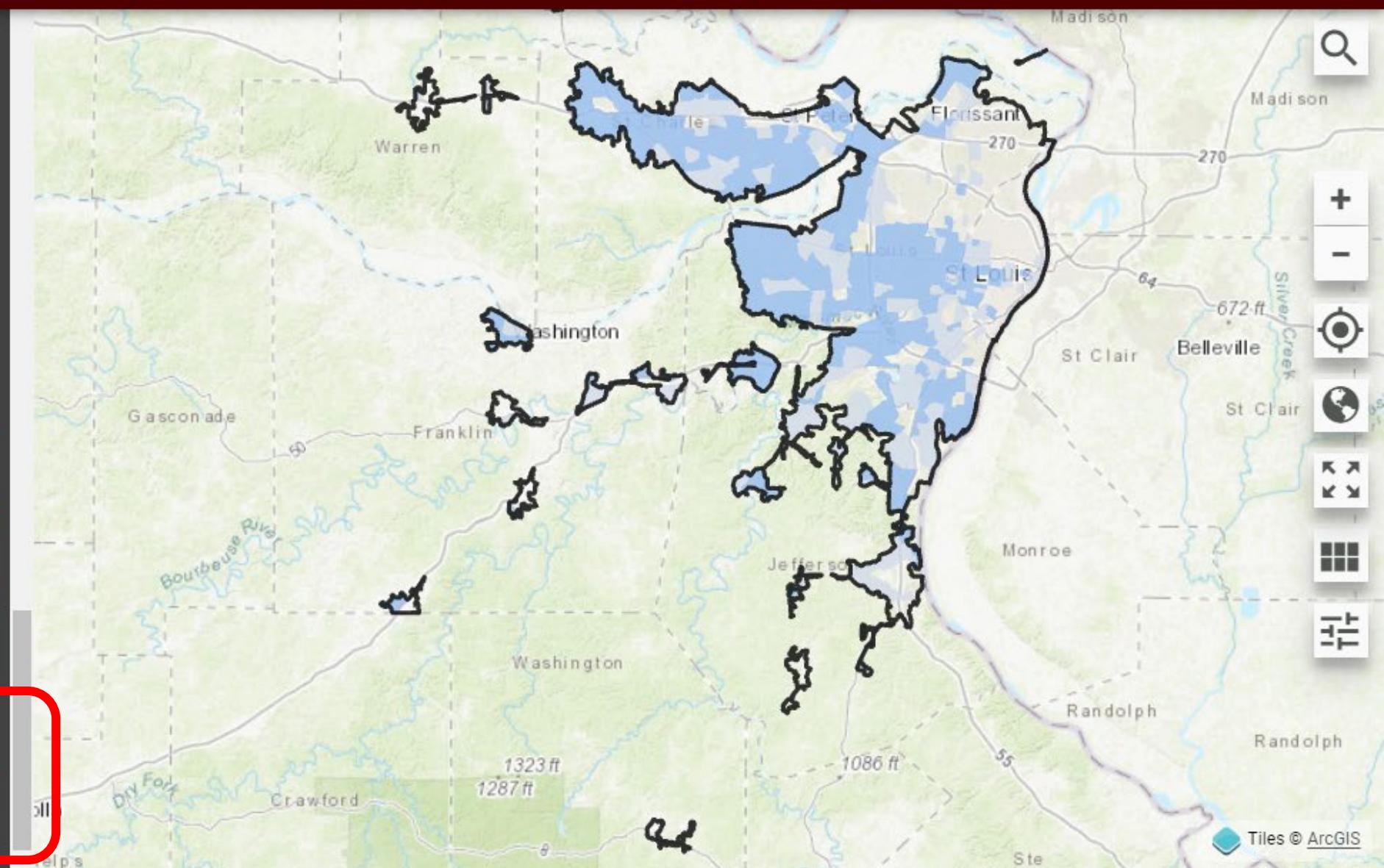
Greater St. Louis, MO



Social Vulnerability

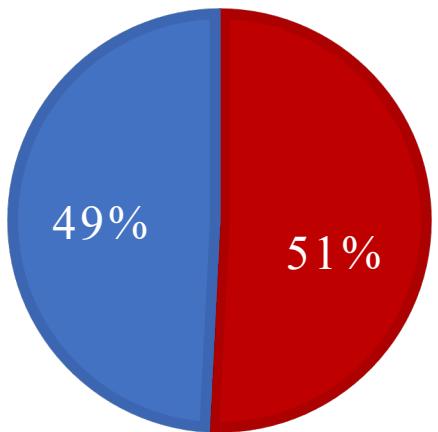


2/5

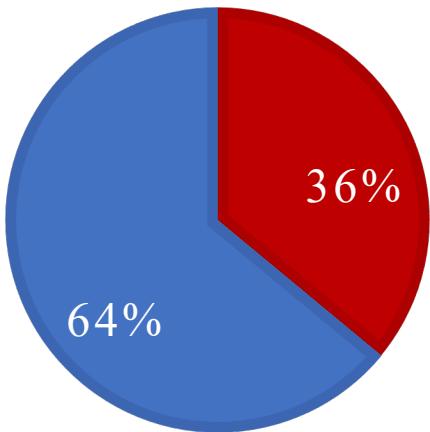
Heat Island**Watershed****Population Density****City / Metro Area****SELECT CLASSES****Highest Vulnerability****High Vulnerability****Moderate to High Vulnerability****Low to Moderate Vulnerability****Lowest Vulnerability**

Population Distribution by SVI Class

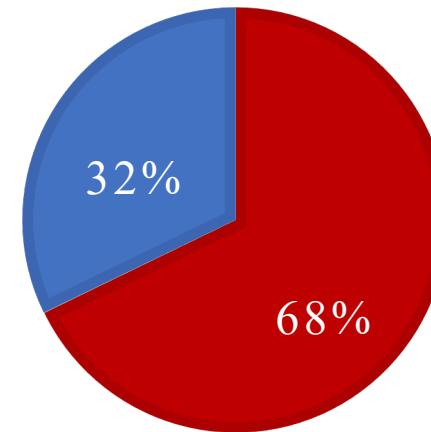
Washington, DC



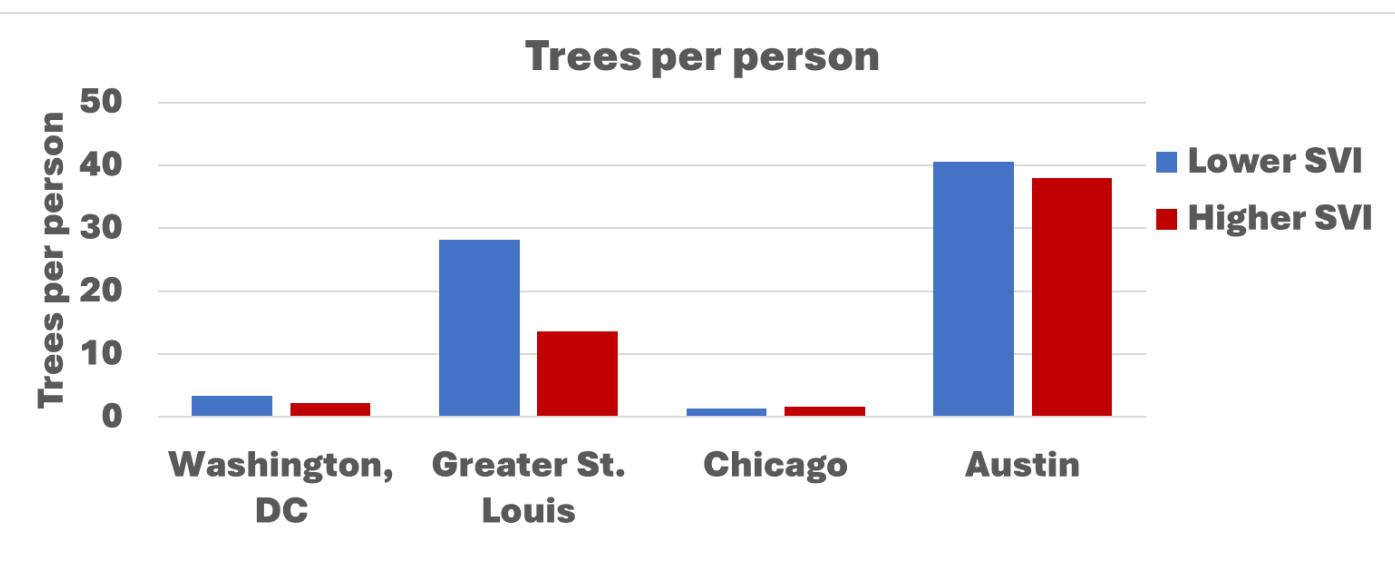
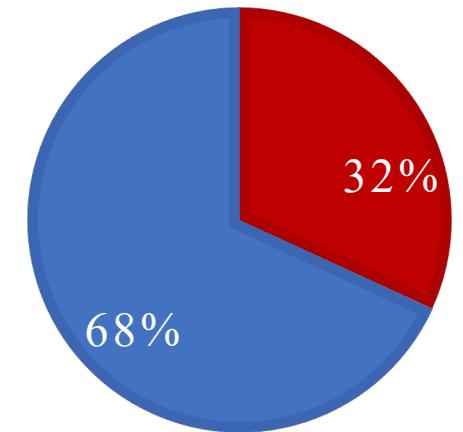
Greater St. Louis, MO



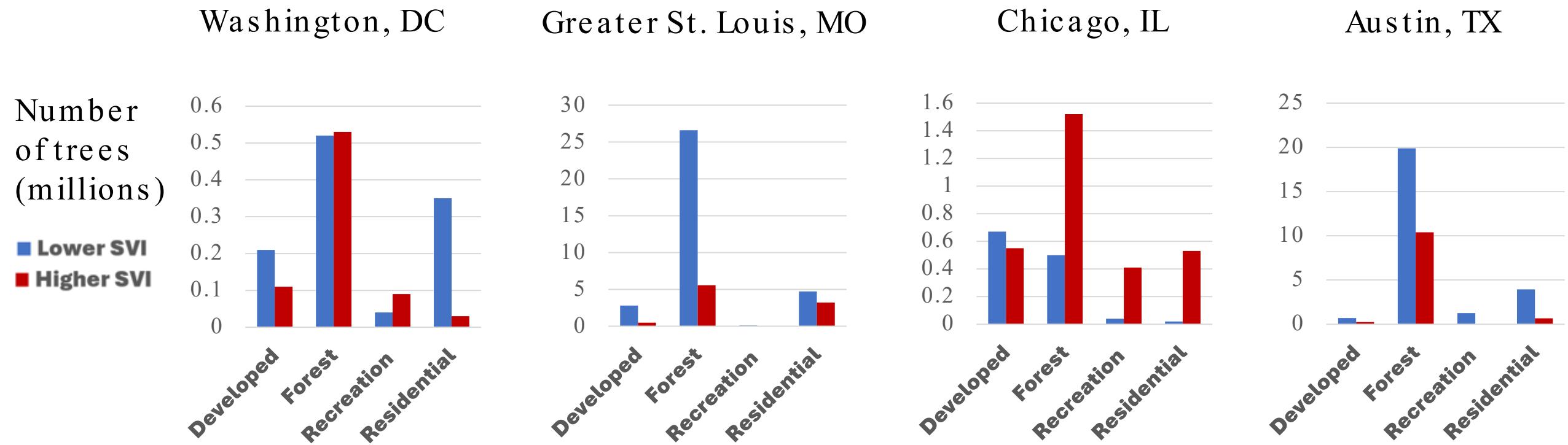
Chicago, IL



Austin, TX



Number of Trees by Land Use and SVI



| | Most Common Species | Unique Spp |
|------------|---------------------|------------|
| Lower SVI | American beech | 74 |
| | yellow poplar | |
| Higher SVI | red maple | 45 |
| | American beech | |

| | Most Common Species | Unique Spp |
|------------|---------------------|------------|
| Lower SVI | eastern redcedar | 82 |
| | green ash | |
| Higher SVI | eastern redcedar | 66 |
| | American elm | |

| | Most Common Species | Unique Spp |
|------------|---------------------|------------|
| Lower SVI | common buckthorn | 22 |
| | white mulberry | |
| Higher SVI | common buckthorn | 44 |
| | Siberian elm | |

| | Most Common Species | Unique Spp |
|------------|---------------------|------------|
| Lower SVI | Ashe juniper | 58 |
| | Cedar elm | |
| Higher SVI | cedar elm | 38 |
| | sugarberry | |

Urban Forest Stats (v. 0.0.1)

This site is for testing purposes only

Geography

San Antonio, TX 2021 Current Estimates
San Antonio, TX 2021 Current Estimates
San Diego, CA 2017 Current Estimates
San Diego, CA 2018 Current Estimates
San Diego, CA 2019 Current Estimates
San Diego, CA 2021 Current Estimates
Springfield, MO 2018 Current Estimates
Springfield, MO 2019 Current Estimates
Springfield, MO 2020 Current Estimates
St. Louis, MO 2018 Current Estimates
St. Louis, MO 2019 Current Estimates
St. Louis, MO 2021 Current Estimates
Washington, DC 2018 Current Estimates
Washington, DC 2019 Current Estimates
Washington, DC 2021 Current Estimates

Row variable

Damage type - stem girdling
Damage type - topping or pruning
Density class
Diameter check
Diameter class
FIA land use
Land cover class
Maintained area for seedlings
Mtree Crown dieback
Mtree Crown exposed to light
Mtree Diameter check
Mtree Diameter class
Mtree Species common name
Mtree Species group code
Mtree Species scientific name
Mtree Tree planted

Estimate numerator

Leaf Area Index
Leaf Biomass Index, in pounds per square foot
Compensatory value, in dollars
Number of live seedlings (less than 1 inch d.b.h./d.r.c.), Gross sawlog volume of sawtimber trees, in board feet
Net sawlog volume of sawtimber trees, in board feet (l)
Annual electricity use avoided, in kilowatt hours
Annual fuel use avoided, in British thermal units
Annual electricity-based carbon emissions avoided, in pounds
Annual fuel-based carbon emissions avoided, in pounds
Annual value of electricity use avoided, in dollars
Annual value of fuel use avoided, in dollars
Annual value of carbon emissions avoided, in dollars
Basal area of live mother trees (at least 1 inch d.b.h./d.r.c.)
Number of live mother trees (at least 1 inch d.b.h./d.r.c.)

Estimate denominator

No denominator - just produce estimates
Area of sampled land and water, in acres
Area of building cover, in acres
Area of impervious cover, in acres
Area of permeable cover, in acres
Area of herbaceous cover, in acres
Area of water cover, in acres
Area of tree cover, in acres
Number of live trees (at least 1 inch d.b.h./d.r.c.), in trees
Basal area of live trees (at least 1 inch d.b.h./d.r.c.), in square inches
Aboveground and belowground biomass of live and dead trees, in kilograms
Area of shrub/seedling cover, in acres
Aboveground and belowground carbon in live and dead trees, in kilograms
Annual gross carbon sequestration in live trees (at least 1 inch d.b.h./d.r.c.), in kilograms
Annual gross carbon sequestration in live trees (at least 1 inch d.b.h./d.r.c.), in kilograms

Column variable

Condition status
Cover class
Crown class
Damage type - bark inclusion
Damage type - excessive mulching
Damage type - improper planting
Damage type - overhead wires
Damage type - sidewalk-root conflict
Damage type - stem girdling
Damage type - topping or pruning
Density class
Diameter check
Diameter class
FIA land use
Land cover class

Additional grouping variable

None
Abnormal stem termination
Afforested
Bole stump removed
Canopy cover method
Cause of death
Condition status
Cover class
Crown class
Damage type - bark inclusion
Damage type - excessive mulching
Damage type - improper planting
Damage type - overhead wires
Damage type - sidewalk-root conflict
Damage type - stem girdling

Output

Estimate Parameters

Estimate: Area of herbaceous cover,

Geography: StLouis2021Curr

Grouping Variables:

- FIA land use

- Nonsampled reason

Note: '-' indicates no value for data table reader, it is recommended to adjust viewer settings.

Estimate:

| FIA land use | Total |
|--------------------------|---------|
| Total | 222,630 |
| Forest land | 21,937 |
| Agriculture | 2,120 |
| Commercial/Industrial | 37,160 |
| Residential | 121,361 |
| Multi-family Residential | 2,204 |
| Recreation/Cemetery | 16,795 |
| Rights-of-Way | 20,869 |

Sampling error percentage level 68%):

Note: for 95% confidence level multiplier

| FIA land use | Total |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Total | 3.653 |
| Forest land | 17.689 |
| Agriculture | 87.973 |
| Commercial/Industrial | 16.085 |
| Residential | 6.923 |
| Multi-family Residential | 38.676 |
| Recreation/Cemetery | 26.090 |
| Rights-of-Way | 19.469 |



+ Add Condition Filter(s)

+ Add Tree Filter(s)

Show Results

HTML

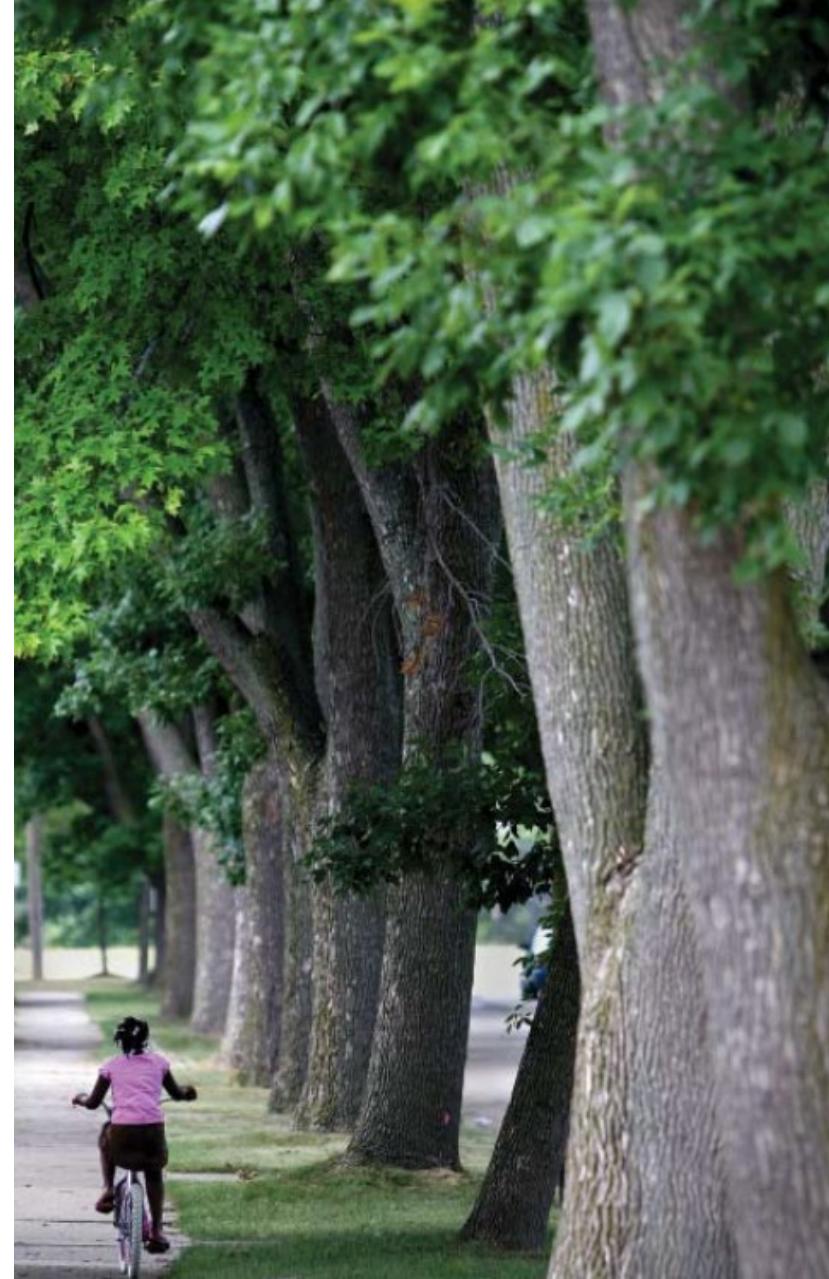


Highlights:

- The pool of urban FIA data is growing.
- My City's Trees provides users easy access to Urban FIA data and more tools are in development.
- The social vulnerability theme in the MCTapp helps users explore the equity of tree resources and benefits in a city.
- The data suggest that in select cities like Greater St. Louis and Washington, DC more socially vulnerable tracts may have lower tree density and tree benefits, but further research and exploration of sampling errors is needed.

Urban FIA is working on:

- State or region-level urban forest analyses
- Analyses of remeasurement data
- Annual reporting of urban FIA data and the development of online, interactive content/dashboards





Thank you

Tonya Lister, USDA Forest Service, FIA

✉ tonya.lister@usda.gov

Links :

UFIA website <https://www.fia.fs.usda.gov/program-features/urban/>
My City's Trees App <https://mct.tfs.tamu.edu/app>



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



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2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

2023



**World Forum on
Urban Forests**



2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

Washington DC, 2023

Inclusive Cities

Branding and Identity in Arboriculture
– Why it matters in expanding
diversity



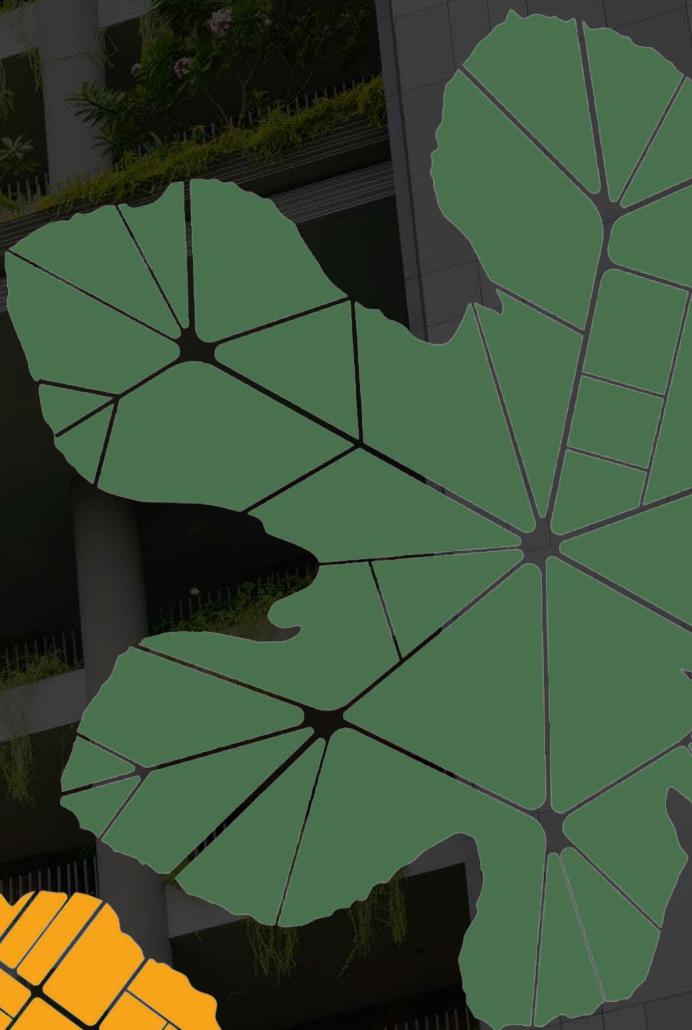
Presented by

Luana Vargas
International Society of Arboriculture
ATD Certified Professional in Talent
Development



What's in a brand?

A compilation of written, verbal, and nonverbal cues that tells a story about your product or service.





This was our brand...



**What messages or
stories does it
convey?**



TM

The data behind it, declines or stagnation in:

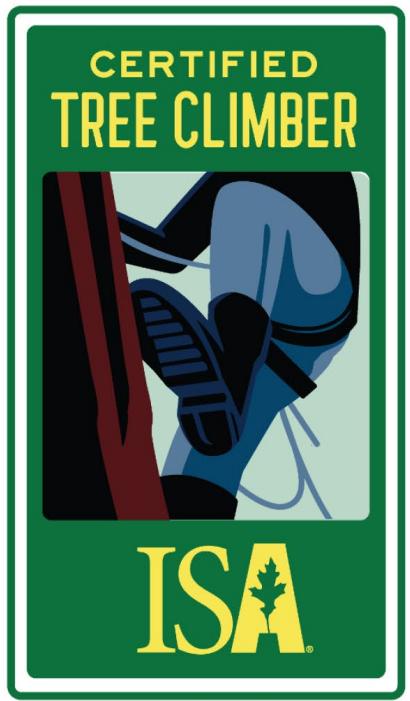
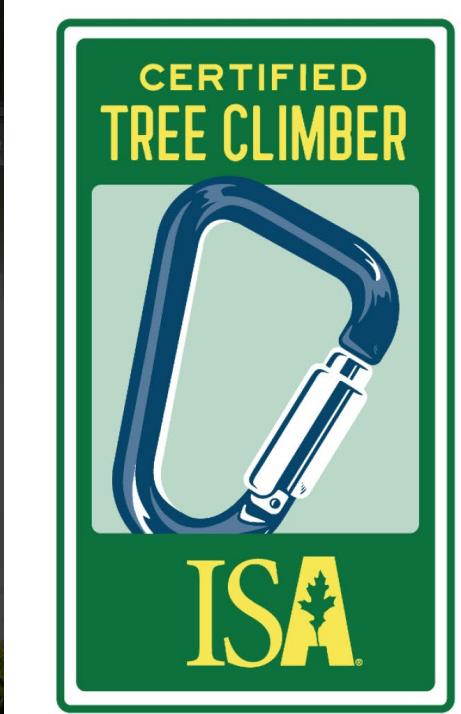
- Overall number of credentials held
- Female credential holders



What did we do with the findings?



Brand naming and design evolution





Our new look





Does it stop here with the rebrand?

- Intentionality of inclusion through different media
- Building diversity and inclusion inside and out





Intentional, inclusive language and imagery





2nd World Forum on Urban Forests

Washington DC, 2023





Thank you

**Luana Vargas | International Society
of Arboriculture**

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Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



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POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863



ISA
International Society of Arboriculture



CEUs

**Session 2.3: Castle in the Sky: Creating
and sharing new knowledge and
supporting education on equitable
access to ecosystem services**



PP-23-3564



**World Forum on
Urban Forests**